

City of Fairfield, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Prepared by City of Fairfield Finance Department Telephone: (707) 428-7569 * Fax: (707) 428-7597

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

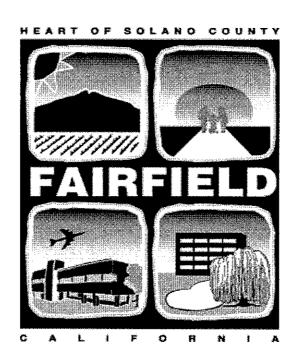
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Home of Travis Air Force Base

y of fairfield

Founded 1856

Incorporated December 12, 1903

October 27, 2003

COUNCIL

Mayor Karin MacMillan 707.428.7395

Vice-Mayor Harry T. Price 707.429.6298

Councilmembers 707.429.6298

Jack Batson John English

Marilyn Farley

City Manager Kevin O'Rourke 707.428.7400

City Attorney Grea Stepanicich 707 428 7419

City Clerk Gina Merrel 707.428.7384

City Treasurer Oscar G. Reyes, Jr. 707.428.7497

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Fairfield, California

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Fairfield (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

NEW REPORTING MODEL

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued its Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," which significantly revises the City's financial reporting requirements. Governments comparable in size to the City of Fairfield were required to implement GASB Statement No. 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

The CAFR is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart and a list of municipal officers. The financial section includes management's discussion and analysis, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information, as well as the auditor's report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. Information related to the single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the single audit section of this report.

DEPARTMENTS

707.428.7465

Finance 707,428,7496

Fire 707 428 7375

Human Resources 707.428.7394

Planning & 707.428.7461

Police 707.428.7551

Public Works 707.428.7485

Community Services Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

This report includes all of the funds and account groups of the City. It reports all activities considered to be a part of, controlled by, and dependent on the City. Accordingly, this report includes the financial activities of the Fairfield Water Facilities Improvement District No. 1 (the Water Improvement District), the Fairfield Sewer Facilities Improvement District No. 1 (the Sewer Improvement District), the Fairfield Municipal Park Improvement District No. 1 (the Park Improvement District), the Fairfield Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), the Housing Authority of the City of Fairfield (the Housing Authority), the Fairfield

. . .

Public Improvement Corporation (the Corporation), the Fairfield Public Financing Authority (the Financing Authority), the Fairfield Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District No. 1 (the Storm Drain Improvement District), and the Fairfield Community Facilities Districts (the Community Facilities Districts).

Fairfield is a general law city and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, water, public transportation, streets and highways, housing assistance, cultural and recreation facilities, social services, golf course, public works and parks, planning, redevelopment, economic development, and general administration. Sewer service is provided by agreement with the Fairfield-Suisun Sewer District, which operates and maintains interceptors and the treatment plant, while the City maintains local collector sewers.

CITY MANAGEMENT

Fairfield has benefited from stability of leadership and experience. Karin MacMillan was elected Mayor in 2001 and has served on the City Council since 1995. Kevin O'Rourke has been City Manager since 1997, and has another 16 years of prior city manager experience with the cities of Stanton and Buena Park. He served a term as a Vice-President of the International City Management Association from 2000-2003, and was just elected to the board of directors of the League of California Cities. City Attorney Greg Stepanicich has served the City since 1997. The other members of the executive management team average 16.3 years of service with the City.

The City has developed a reputation for progressive and business-like management that in past years has earned it statewide and national recognition for its financial management and entrepreneurial orientation. Its leadership has stressed long-term planning and the ability to turn fiscal and other challenges into opportunities. The need for a businesslike outlook becomes ever more critical as other traditional sources of government revenues, such as state subvention and property tax allocations, are eliminated or curtailed. The City's long-term financial health is dependent on taking an active economic development role to create large and stable sources of revenue to provide a high level of service required by a growing community in an efficient and cost-effective manner.

There has long been a strong focus on sound management of the City's financial resources to permit flexibility and to preserve the City's good reputation in financial markets. In 1981 the Assembly Office of Research cited Fairfield as having maintained "a very healthy fiscal position" post-Proposition 13. In 1982 the *Wall Street Journal* stated in a feature article on the City: "Perhaps no city, though, has been as enterprising as Fairfield." The *New York Times* in 1987 called Fairfield "one of the first and most aggressive practitioners of government entrepreneurship." The California Taxpayers Association calls Fairfield's financial system "a pioneering method of government budgeting founded on incentives." This budgeting system won former long-time City Manager B. Gale Wilson the Outstanding Management Innovation Award in 1980 from the International City Management Association. Fairfield was awarded the prestigious Helen Putnam Award for Excellence by the League of California Cities for its assistance to the neighboring city of Rio Vista during that city's financial crisis in the spring of 1987. The City was cited extensively in the 1992 best-selling book "Reinventing Government."

CITY ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND INITIATIVES

The Council adopted the following items as its priorities for fiscal year 2002/03 at last year's goal-setting session. Here is the progress made during the last fiscal year on each item:

- Utility Users Tax Election The goal is to preserve the current 2% utility users tax and its \$3 million annual revenue. Due to a California Supreme Court decision, Fairfield was one of many cities required to secure voter approval to continue levying a tax originally imposed by the City Council after 1986. Measure H on the November 2002 ballot passed with a 58% Yes vote.
- Transportation Issues The goal is to relieve traffic congestion and improve traffic safety. The City received citizen support for the I-80/680 project and initiated an environmental impact report for I-80/680 and the North Connector with the Solano Transportation Authority (STA), and completed a regional Solano/Napa traffic-forecasting model and conducted traffic analyses for STA and Caltrans. During lobbying trips to Washington, the City also raised the awareness of Congress for the need for federal funding of these projects. The City acquired the Cordelia Truck Stop property, retaining seven of

the 23 acres for future right-of-way for transportation improvements. Design for the traffic signal preemption project was completed, and a traffic safety committee formed between the City and school district. Design was also completed for 240 additional parking spaces at the Fairfield Transportation Center.

- Growth Issues The goal is to adopt a new General Plan that reduces overall growth and urban sprawl. The new General Plan and environmental impact report were adopted and avoided legal challenge. The City completed the Travis AFB enhancement plan with a State grant, and, in conjunction with other jurisdictions in Solano County, has hired an advocate to work exclusively on preserving the base during the upcoming 2005 Base Realignment and Closure process.
- **Open Space** The goal is to promote the preservation of open space and secure a funding mechanism to acquire and maintain it. Council approved \$100,000 in local matching funds toward the Tri-City and County Cooperative Planning Group's effort to purchase the 1,362-acre Eastern Swett Ranch in the Cordelia hills west of Fairfield. The City has budgeted \$50,000 annually for open space maintenance costs, and funds a full-time park ranger to monitor these areas.
- **Revenue Generation** The goal is to promote economic development to bring in new businesses and increase City tax revenues. The Redevelopment Agency approved a contract with the new 150-room Hilton Garden Inn to begin a self-funded Fairfield Tourism Promotion Agency.
- **80-to-80 Corridor** The goal is to provide downtown revitalization with an aggressive and creative focus on the whole length of West Texas-Texas-North Texas, dubbed the "80-to-80 corridor." The City received a Transportation for Livable Cities (TLC) grant to retain a consulting firm to prepare a master plan for streetscape improvements for the West Texas Corridor. In downtown, the Agency assisted Solano County in preparing a master plan for the new seven-story County Government Center, with parking garage and public plaza, which will expand the number of jobs in the downtown area; construction began in mid-2003. The Agency completed a sublease of the old Salvation Army building and renovation of the building is underway. In additional, a new downtown commercial building acquisition and rehab loan program was adopted that is assisting the reuse of two buildings.
- Workforce Housing The goal is to develop a housing strategy that supports affordable housing for working people. The Elisworth Court project (now called Providence Walk) will be a 107-unit project with 40% of the units targeted as affordable workforce housing. Both the Siena project in North Cordelia (152 units) and the Whitney Park project (135 units) east of Peabody Road are single-family projects currently under construction that include 10% of the units for moderate-income households. A small infill project at the curve of Tabor Avenue, includes five affordable single-family homes, targeted to first-time homebuyers. The 157-unit Hidden Meadows development contains 53 innovative second units ("granny flats"). The Gateway Village apartment project on Pennsylvania Avenue is 100% for lower income renters, and recently had extensive rehabilitation. The 8-unit mixed-use Jackson Street project in the downtown has been completed. Finally, the Council held a study session on the issue of an inclusionary housing ordinance.
- City Staffing The goal is to retain key City staff and maintain adequate staffing levels to provide
 quality services. The Human Resources Department held succession-planning workshops for 50 managers
 and supervisors. The Council approved the hiring of 15 additional police officers and five non-sworn
 support staff to respond to workload increases and community concerns over public safety.

On January 6 and 13, 2003, the City Council held facilitated sessions to set goals for the coming year. The following were the major priorities for the coming year:

- Budget managing labor cost increases and the expected State Budget take-away of local revenue, and adopting a Budget Recovery Plan;
- Transportation pursuing I-80/680 congestion relief, local traffic calming measures and school safety, and enhancing transit service;

- Housing following "smart growth" policies in local planning, working for Travis AFB protection, and an increase of affordable housing;
- Public Safety increasing Police staffing levels, improving park security, reducing red-light running, and securing interagency cooperation and outside funding for homeland security issues such as hazardous materials response, radio interoperability and training.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

General Economic Overview

The national economy is recovering from the recession that started in 2000 with a technology sector meltdown that led to major job and stock market losses. Real gross domestic product (GDP) grew by 2.4% in 2002, however, this growth came mostly from increased worker productivity and extended hours, as opposed to increases in jobs. This has been termed a "jobless recovery," with a net loss of 180,000 jobs nationally in 2002, as businesses reduced payrolls to cut costs and increase profits. Likewise, California's economy struggled in 2002, with a 0.6% decline in wage and salary employment. Hardest hit was the manufacturing sector, which lost 250,000 jobs between early 2000 and the end of 2002, half of which were in computer-related industries. There is a marked difference between regions, with job losses centered in the Bay Area and Silicon Valley. As of early 2003, the California Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) predicted very sluggish growth continuing through mid-2003, before improving in the second half of 2003 and in 2004. The LAO forecast assumed inflation would remain under 3%, that taxable sales growth would recover from a negative 1.5% in 2002 to 3.6% in 2003 and 6.5% in 2004, and that housing sales and construction would remain strong. This forecast is in line with the UCLA Anderson School's California Forecast, and the "Blue Chip Consensus," a survey of 50 national firms. City staff feels our revenue forecast is appropriate given this range of views on the short-term economic outlook.

Local Growth Projections

The number of new homes is a good indicator of growth in the City's population, which directly results in increased demands for infrastructure and government services. The City issued 786 permits for new units in calendar year 2002, compared to 1,106 in 2001, which was the highest since 1989. Many of these units were in subdivisions planned 15 years ago, but which were delayed until the strong real estate market of the past few years. Permits for new housing units have averaged 723 annually over the past five years, which is very consistent with the average of 737 over the past 20 years. The longer-term forecast assumes an average of 790 new units per calendar year from 2003 through 2011. In the latter years, a greater proportion of new units are projected for the newly developing Northeast area, as opposed to Central Fairfield and Cordelia.

The City has also maintained strong levels of commercial and industrial construction, which is consistent with the General Plan policy to increase the ratio of jobs to housing over the next thirty years. Permits for commercial and industrial development have averaged 766,000 square feet annually over the past five years, and 650,000 annually over the past 20 years. Available commercial and retail properties are expected to build out by 2007, which will shift the bulk of future development to industrial property. Future construction is projected to average 707,000 square feet annually from 2003 through 2011.

The Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) prepares a report every two years that forecasts growth throughout the nine-county San Francisco Bay Area. ABAG sees Solano County as the fastest growing county in the Bay Area over the next 20 years, and Fairfield as the leader in projected population and job growth within the county. The following charts compare actual and projected population and employment levels from 1990 to 2020 from ABAG's *Projections 2002* report.

PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGE IN BAY AREA COUNTIES FROM 2000-2025										
Population		Household	ds	Employed Res	idents	Total Jobs				
Solano	45%	Solano	47%	Solano	68%	Solano	52%			
Sonoma	29%	Napa	35%	Sonoma	41%	Napa	52%			
Napa	32%	Sonoma	29%	Contra Costa	40%	Sonoma	39%			
Contra Costa	28%	Contra Costa	29%	Alameda	36%	Contra Costa	37%			
Santa Clara	23%	Santa Clara	23%	Napa	32%	Alameda	35%			
Alameda	19%	Alameda	17%	Santa Clara	24%	Marin	33%			
San Mateo	15%	Marin	14%	Marin	17%	Santa Clara	28%			
Marin	14%	San Mateo	14%	San Mateo	17%	San Mateo	27%			
San Francisco	5%	San Francisco	6%	San Francisco	6%	San Francisco	21%			

PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGE IN SOLANO COUNTY FROM 2000-2025											
Population		Househol	ds	Employed Res	sidents	Total Jobs					
Fairfield	52,400	Fairfield	16,830	Fairfield	36,200	Fairfield	23,220				
Vacaville	44,400	Vacaville	15,190	Vacaville	30,100	Vallejo	16,430				
Vallejo	27,600	Vallejo	10,090	Vallejo	23,700	Vacaville	11,880				
Rio Vista	18,500	Rio Vista	7,230	Rio Vista	8,400	Suisun City	4,230				
Dixon	12,600	Dixon	4,080	Dixon	7,300	Dixon	3,580				
Suisun City	9,200	unincorporated	3,740	unincorporated	6,400	Benicia	3,050				
unincorporated	9,000	Suisun City	2,460	Suisun City	6,100	Rio Vista	1,460				
Benicia	3,200	Benicia	1,310	Benicia	4,400	unincorporated	240				

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Controls

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the Finance staff of the City. In management's opinion, the City's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions. Also, the results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgeting Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects funds. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level for administrative and operating expenditures and at the project budget level for capital improvements. For the administrative and operating budgets, the line-item budget authority is delegated to department managers. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. For the last sixteen fiscal years, the City has adopted an annual budget with a

ten-year financial plan. The integration of the financial activities of the various agencies is accomplished through the budget process, pooling of cash for investments, centralized cash receipting, cash disbursement and purchasing and the preparation of audited financial statements. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Cash Management

The cash and investments of both the City and its affiliated agencies are managed on a pooled basis. The average investment portfolio was \$205 million in fiscal year 2002/03. Investments consisted primarily of short-term certificates of deposit, commercial paper, U.S. Government and U.S. Government Agency Securities, corporate notes, repurchase agreements and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) managed by the Treasurer of the State of California. These investments are allowed under an investment policy adopted by the City Council, which defines eligible investments and maturities of the City's investment portfolio, and requires securities to be held by the City or by a qualified custodial institution and registered in the name of the City. The annualized return on pooled investments in 2002/03 was 3.42%, the average maturity was 1.47 years, and total interest earned was \$7,011,000. Approximately \$97.5 million in market value of the portfolio is managed by outside investment managers with the remaining balance of the portfolio managed by the City.

Risk Management

The City is self-insured for the first \$500,000 of general liability and first \$1,000,000 of workers' compensation claims. Reserves are accumulated within the City's insurance funds to meet potential losses. As protection against catastrophic loss, the City obtains commercial insurance for property claims. Excess loss coverage through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), a joint exercise of powers agency, provides up to \$24,500,000 for excess general liability coverage. The Fairfield Housing Authority is insured by the Housing Authority's Risk Retention Pool (HARRP). Finally, the City purchases excess workers' compensation insurance (up to \$55,000,000 per occurrence) from the commercial insurance market.

Appropriations Limit

Proposition 4, the "Gann" initiative, was passed by California voters in 1978 and is intended to limit government appropriations. The appropriations limit is calculated each year based upon fiscal year 1978/79 appropriations, which are modified by the composite consumer price index and population changes which have occurred in subsequent years. The City's appropriations limit and the estimated appropriations subject to limit for fiscal year 2002/03 amounted to \$109,728,000 and \$38,952,000, respectively. City appropriations subject to the limit have consistently remained 40% or less of the limit itself, and are not expected to deviate from this trend in the foreseeable future. The Redevelopment Agency and Housing Authority appropriations are not subject to the above limitations.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT AND FINANCIAL REPORTING AWARDS

Caporicci & Larson, an independent public accounting firm have examined the financial statements of the City and its affiliated agencies. Their opinion on the City's financial statements and supplemental information is included within this report.

• GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award — The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Fairfield for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, marking the fourteenth time Fairfield has received this award in the past fifteen years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

• **CSMFO Certificate of Award for Outstanding Financial Reporting** — The California Society of Municipal Finance Officers awarded a Certificate of Award for Outstanding Financial Reporting to the City of Fairfield for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the sixteenth consecutive year this award has been received. The certificate is issued in recognition of meeting professional standards and criteria in reporting which reflect a high level of quality in the City's annual financial statements.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of all the employees of the Fairfield Finance Department. We would like to express our special appreciation to the team that worked hundreds of hours between them to prepare this document, headed by Accounting Officer Arvinda Krishnan, with Principal Accountant Michael Less, Senior Accountants Norman Veloso and Joann Alcordo, Accountant II Myles Dixon, and Finance Technician Dave Benson. Special assistance was provided by City Treasurer/Assistant Finance Director Oscar Reyes, Jr., Chief Information Officer Laura Peabody, Financial Services Manager David Creighton, Revenue Officer Geri Martin, and Financial Services Supervisor Wade Brown. We would also like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin O'Rourke City Manager Robert C. Leland Finance Director

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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Fairfield, California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



lem Pat Abole

President

Executive Director

California Society of Municipal Finance Officers

Certificate of Award

Outstanding Financial Reporting 2001-2002

Presented to the

City of Fairfield

This certificate is issued in recognition of meeting professional standards and criteria in reporting which reflect a high level of quality in the annual financial statements and in the underlying accounting system from which the reports were prepared.

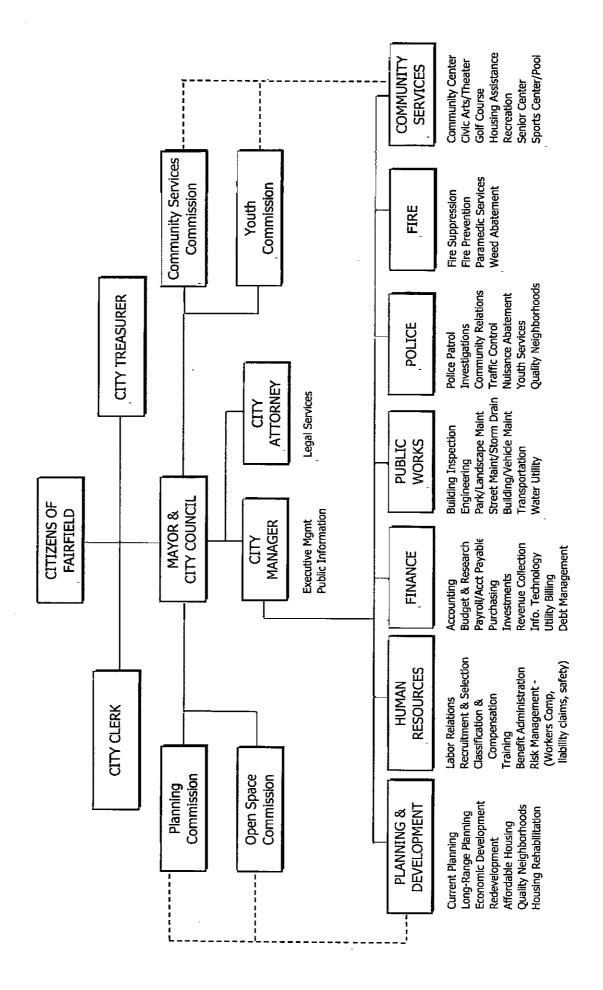
February 24, 2003

Gret M Charles

Chair, Professional & Technical Standards Committee

Dedicated to Excellence in Municipal Financial Management

CITY OF FAIRFIELD ORGANIZATION CHART



MISSION STATEMENT

We are committed to responding to the changing needs of our community, to providing superior quality public service, and to creating a distinctive place to live through innovation, professionalism and efficient use of resources.

CITY VALUES

WE VALUE TRUST

- We are committed to uncompromised honesty and integrity in all our actions.
- · We believe our actions should be reliable, dependable, and consistent.
- · We want teamwork and a spirit of cooperative effort.
- · We strive for a record of honesty, fairness and approachability.

WE VALUE OUALITY

- · We strive for excellence, professionalism and pride in everything we do.
- We believe in providing the best quality of service and facilities.
- We expect quality from employees, vendors and contractors.

WE VALUE INNOVATION

- · We have a bias for action and support reasonable risk-taking
- · We strive to recognize and take advantage of any opportunity that arises.
- · We encourage fiscal innovation that creates new revenue sources.
- We accept that innovators have their share of failures.

WE VALUE THE WORTH OF THE INDIVIDUAL

- We respect individuals and are sensitive to their needs.
- · We are committed to fair treatment of people.
- · We seek ideas and participation from all levels.
- We encourage individual initiative and acceptance of responsibility.

WE VALUE EFFECTIVE SERVICE

- We believe in timely, efficient and effective public service.
- · We set trends and provide leadership in municipal services.
- We conduct sound and prudent financial operations.
- We take pride in conserving public resources.
- We place a high value on cooperation with other public and private entities but will not sacrifice the best interest of the citizens of Fairfield.

WE VALUE FUTURE ORIENTATION

- · We want to make decisions that will endure the test of time.
- · We want to control our own destiny.
- · We will foster economic success in the private sector and develop new resources in the public sector.
- We will promote the City's financial security and independence.
- We stive for economic development, employment, housing diversitification, cultural and leisure opportunities
- · We want to build a place you would like to live in.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

CITY COUNCIL (Elected)	Term Expires	Youth Commission (appointed)				
		Meets 1st Sunday & 3rd Monday, 7:00 p.m.				
Karin MacMillan	Nov 8 2005	Council Chamber - Civic Center				
Harry T. Price	Nov 8 2005	Timmy Bishop	Nicole Haste			
Jack Batson	Nov 4 2007	Jennifer Goza	Joseph Manibusan			
John English	Nov 8 2005	Courtney Burgess	Camilla Hawthorne			
Marilyn Farley	Nov 4 2007	Timothy Eng	Natalie Jansen			
		Celeste Fuller	Latoya Roberson			
REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Co	uncil Members)	Johanna Garcia	Christian Tabing			
		Kathleen Hall	Robert Zahradka			
HOUSING AUTHORITY			Mallorie Villanueva			
(Council plus 2 public members)						
Larklyn Knox	Jun 30 2005	CITY CLERK (Elected)				
Julia Harris	Jul 15 2007	Arletta Cortright	Nov 4 2007			
(Council/Agency meets 1st and 3rd Tu-	esday, 7:00 p.m.	_				
Council Chambers, Civic Center)		CITY TREASURER (Elected)				

PLANNING COMMISSION (Appointed)

(Housing Authority meets as needed)

Vacant	Jun 30 2004
Bernard Benshoof (unexpired)	Jun 30 2004
Stan Silverman	Jun 30 2006
Monroe Byron	Jun 30 2007
Lynn Rogers	Jun 30 2006
Thomas Mattis	Jun 30 2005
Liesa Houdashelt	Jun 30 2007

COMMUNITY SERVICES COMMISSION (Appointed)

Samuel Roberson	Dec 31 2002
Verna Brooks	Dec 31 2005
Dana Kennedy	Dec 31 2004
Muffy Jordan	Dec 31 2002
Maggie Halls	Dec 31 2005
Peter Gaudet	Dec 31 2004
Sharon Wellins	Dec 31 2004

DEPARTMENT HEADS Planning and Development Sean Quinn Finance Bob Leland Public Works Charlie Beck Police Bill Gresham Fire Michael Smith Community Services John DeLorenzo

Oscar G. Reyes, Jr.

APPOINTED OFFICIALS City Manager

Human Resources

City Attorney

Nov 4 2007

Kevin O'Rourke

Barbara Dillon

Greg Stepanicich



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Fairfield
Fairfield, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairfield, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2003 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, such as management's discussion and analysis and other information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the Required Supplementary Information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has

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To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Fairfield
Fairfield, California
Page 2

been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Introductory Section and Statistical Tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Introductory Section and Statistical Tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Oakland, California October 27, 2003

Capanici & Carson

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

This discussion and analysis of the City of Fairfield's (City's) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

A. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$332.6 million.
 Of this amount, \$121.2 million may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$75.6 million. Approximately 27% of the combined fund balance, \$20.8 million, is considered unreserved and is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The City's total debt decreased minimally by \$11.9 million during the current fiscal year. The decrease is the net result of normal amortization of the debt.

B. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consists of three parts: (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Statements provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. These accounting methods are similar to those used by private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets report information about all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the City's financial health. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Increases or decreases in the City's net assets over time are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In these statements City activities are separated into two categories:

- Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including
 administration, human resources, finance, housing programs, police, fire, public works, planning and
 development, community services, and redevelopment. Property and sales taxes, user fees, interest
 income, franchise fees, and state and federal grants are among the revenues that finance these activities.
- Business-type activities—The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of
 certain services it provides. The City's water system and treatment plants, golf courses, transit services,
 and senior housing program are reported as business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by State law or bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants or other money that is restricted in its use. Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole.

The City has three types of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources. The focus is on how spendable money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

To better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Funds Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation is provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to facilitate this comparison.

- Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the City—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported under the Government-Wide Financial Statements, using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's enterprise funds are actually the same as the "business-type activities" reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. The City uses internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities—such as the City's self-insurance, fleet operations, equipment replacement, and loan funds. The internal service funds are reported with "governmental activities" in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.
- **Fiduciary funds**—The City is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds held on behalf of a variety of third parties. The fiduciary activities are agency funds, which only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. However, the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the Government-Wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-72 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and each major special revenue fund.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's combined Net Assets (in millions) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, totaled \$332.6 million. (The detail may not add due to rounding.)

Summary of Net Assets

(in millions)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2003	2002	2003 2002	2003 2002
Current and other assets Capital Assets	\$ 230.9 190.7	\$ 120.1 175.1	\$ 72.4 \$ 173.4 94.8 91.8	7
Total Assets	421.6	295.2	<u>167.2</u> <u>265.2</u>	588.8 560.4
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	129.6 26.5	138.8 1	78.9 81.6 21.2 22.5	
Total liabilities	156.1	162.9	100.1 104.1	256.2 267.0
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	50.4 133.3	28.7 85.7	27.7 24.9 	78.1 53.6 133.3 85.7
Unrestricted	81.8	18.0	39.4 136.2	121.2 154.2
Total Net Assets	\$ 265.5	<u>\$ 132.4</u>	<u>\$ 67.1 </u>	\$ 332.6 \$ 293.5

The restricted net assets represent 40% of the total net assets and are subject to external restrictions. The increase of \$47.6 million in restricted net assets is due to a change in categorizing the net assets from the prior year to the current year. This money will be available for spending but only for specific projects around the City. The balance of unrestricted net assets, which represents 31% of the total net assets, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

During the current fiscal year the City's net assets increased by \$39.1 million. About one third of the increase is due to the donation of infrastructure. The reduction of expenditures and long-term debt also attributed to the increase in net assets.

A Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets is presented on the next page.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

(in millions)

	Governmental Activities 2003 2002			Business-type Activities 2003 2002				Total 2003 2002				
Revenues:		2003		2002		2003		2002		2003		2002
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	10.9	\$	8.3	\$	36.7	\$	45.6	\$	47.6	\$	53.9
Operating grants and contributions	7	13.7	7	18.4	7	2.0	4	3.8	т	15.7	4	22.2
Capital grants and contributions		24.3		18.0		4.8		4.7		29.1		22.7
General revenues:												
Taxes:												
Property taxes		10.2		9.1						10.2		9.1
Other taxes		4 8.7		45.0						48.7		45.0
Grants and contributions not												
restricted to specific programs		6.0		5.7						6.0		5.7
Payments in lieu of services		2.0		3.5						2.0		3.5
Investment earnings		8.1		8.3		2.9		4.3		11.0		12.6
Miscellaneous		3.2		2.4						3.2		2.4
Total revenues		127.1		118.7		46.4		58.4		173.5		177.1
Expenses:												
Administration		1.8		2.1						1.8		2.1
Human Resources		0.7		0.9						0.7		0.9
Finance		2.1		2.4						2.1		2.4
Housing		7.3		6.6						7.3		6.6
Police		18.6		16.4						18.6		16.4
Fire		7.9		7.4						7.9		7.4
Public Works		28.6		30.8						28.6		30.8
Planning and Development		1.2		1.2						1.2		1.2
Community Services		7.8		6.7						7.8		6.7
Redevelopment		4.3		7.5						4.3		7.5
Non-Departmental		6.8		3.7						6.8		3.7
Interest on long term debt		6.3		16.2						6.3		16.2
Water Utility						23.5		19.4		23.5		19.4
North Bay Treatment Plant						5.0		4.7		5.0		4.7
Transportation						5.4		4.7		5.4		4.7
Golf Courses						6.5		6.2		6.5		6.2
Housing Programs						0.6		0.7		0.6		0.7
Intragovernmental Loan						-		0.1		0.0		0.1
Total expenses		93.4		101.9		41.0		35.8		134.4		137.7
Increase in net assets before transfers		33.7		16.8		5.4		22.6		39.1		39.4
Transfers		99.4		3.4		(99.4)		(3.4)	-	0.0		0.0
Increase (decrease) in net assets		133.1		20.2		(94.0)		19.2		39.1		39.4
Net assets July 1		132.4		112.2		161.1		141.9		293.5		254.1
Net assets June 30	<u>\$</u>	265.5		132.4	<u> \$ </u>	67.1	\$	161.1	\$	332.6	\$	293.5

Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$93.4 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that the taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$44.5 million because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$10.9 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating grants and contributions (\$13.7 million), and capital grants and contributions (\$24.3 million). Overall, these governmental program revenues totaled \$48.9 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

\$58.8 million in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$358.9 million consisting of Net Assets at July 1, 2002, of \$132.4 million, program revenues of \$48.9 million and General Revenues of \$177.6 million. Total Governmental Activities expenses during the year were \$93.4 million; thus, Net Assets increased by \$133.1 million to \$265.5 million. The following table shows the Net Cost of Governmental Activities, which totaled \$44.5 million.

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

(in millions)

	Total Cost 2003		otal Cost of Services 2003 2002			Net Cost o			of Services 2002		
Administration	\$	1.8	\$	2.1		\$	(1.8)	\$	(1.4)		
Human Resources		0.7		0.9			(0.7)		(0.9)		
Finance		2.1		2.4			(1.6)		(1.9)		
Housing		7.3		6.6			-		-		
Police		18.6		16.4			(15.9)		(14.5)		
Fire		7.9		7.4			(7.8)		(7.0)		
Public Works		28.6		30.8			4.0		(3.8)		
Planning and Economic Development		1.2		1.2			-		0.9		
Community Services		7.8		6.7			(4.2)		(2.2)		
Redevelopment		4.3		7.5			(3.4)		(6.7)		
Non-departmental		6.8		3.7			(6.8)		(3.7)		
Interest on long term debt		6.3		16.2	_		(6.3)		(16.2)		
Total	\$	93.4	\$	101.9	_	\$	(44.5)	\$	(57.4)		

Business-Type Activities

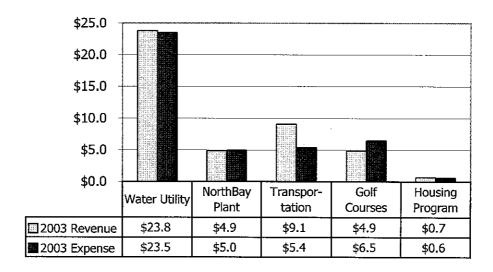
The cost of all Business-Type activities this year was \$41.0 million. As shown in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, the amounts paid by users of the systems was \$36.7 million, operating grants and contributions were \$2.0 million and capital grants and contributions were \$4.8 million. Investment earnings were \$2.9 million and transfers totaled \$99.4 million.

Total resources available during the year to finance Business-Type Activities were \$108.1 million consisting of Net Assets at July 1, 2002, of \$161.1 million, program revenues of \$43.5 million and General Revenues of \$(96.5) million. Total expenses of Business-Type Activities during the year were \$41.0 million; thus Net Assets decreased by \$94.0 million to \$67.1 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Net Cost and Revenue and Expense of Business-Type Activities (in millions)

	al Cost 2003	rvices 002	 t Cost 003	of So —	of Services 2002		
Water Utility	\$ 23.5	\$ 19.4	\$ 0.3	\$	5.8		
North Bay Treatment Plant	5.0	4.7	(0.1)		(0.1)		
Transportation	5.4	4.7	3.7		4.0		
Golf Courses	6.5	6.2	(1.6)		(0.9)		
Housing Programs	0.6	0.7	 0.1				
Total	\$ 41.0	\$ 35.7	\$ 2.4	_\$	8.8		



Revenues exceeded expense for all Business-Type Activities, except for golf courses (\$1.6 million) and the North Bay Water Treatment Plant (\$87,331). Golf course revenues, together with a \$614,000 transfer from the General Fund, cover all direct operating costs, but do not cover the depreciation expense.

D. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Fund Financial Statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Statements.

Governmental Funds

The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance at June 30, 2003, of \$75.6 million, and increase of \$9.9 million over the end of the previous fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and total fund balance to total funding requirements. At the end of the 2002/03 fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$23.6 million, of which the unreserved portion was \$20.8 million. This unreserved fund balance was equal to 42.0% of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out. Total fund balance increased by \$4.5 million over the previous fiscal year, due primarily to increased property, sales tax and transfers in from other funds.

The Low and Moderate Income Housing funds show an increase in the fund balance of \$3.7 million from the prior year. The redevelopment requirement for 20% set-aside contribution to the Low and Moderate Housing funds from the property taxes received attributes to the increase in the funds.

The Redevelopment Agency Debt Service funds show a decrease in the fund balance of \$6.3 million from the prior year, and a cumulative fund balance deficit of \$75.8 million which is attributed to the fact that the Agency's inter-fund loans from the City (primarily from the Intragovernmental Loan Fund) are now required under GASB 34 to be shown in the Debt Service funds themselves rather than under General Long-Term Debt as in pre-GASB 34 fiscal years.

The City Projects Capital Projects fund balance increased by \$4.0 million to \$30.4, which is largely the result of the continued collection of AB1600 growth impact fees toward future projects.

The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds increased by \$4.1 million to \$44.5 million is due to the reduction of project expenditures. The total fund balance of Assessment and Improvement Districts were essentially unchanged at \$14.5 million.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of business-type activities under the Government-Wide Statements.

E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the City Council may revise the City budget on more than one occasion. The Approved Budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the July 1 start of the fiscal year ("Original Budget"). The City Council may make appropriation or revenue estimate changes during the course of the fiscal year, primarily at the midyear budget review. Finally, the revenue and expenditure estimates for the *current* fiscal year are revised as part of the Approved Budget for the *following* fiscal year ("Final Budget").

Final budget estimates for 2002/03 General Fund revenues and operating transfers in were increased by \$1.2 million, while the final budget estimates reduced by \$3.1 million for expenditures and operating transfers out. After taking into account these adjustments, General Fund actual revenues and transfers in were \$1.8 million higher than the final budget estimates (a 3.4% increase). Actual expenditures and transfers out were \$0.7 million over final budget estimates (a 1.4% increase).

General Fund departments began the fiscal year with a total adjusted carryover (cumulative unspent appropriations from prior years) of \$8.8 million. This carryover, together with Expenditure Control Budget appropriations of \$43.7 million and department revenues of \$3.1 million, gave departments total budget authority of \$55.6 million for the 2002/03 fiscal year. After cash-basis expenditures of \$44.5 million, total department carryover as of June 30, 2003, was \$4.4 million, an decrease of 50.0%. The carryover is designated for subsequent years' expenditures, and is part of the \$23.6 million General Fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

F. CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the City are those assets, which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets. The City has elected to use the "Basic Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are depreciated under the straight-line method. At June 30, 2003, net capital assets of the governmental activities totaled \$190.7 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$94.8 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Summary of Capital Assets

(in millions)

	Cost		Depi	reciation	V	alue
Governmental Activities		-				
Land	\$	19.3	\$	-	\$	19.3
Buildings and Improvements		42.2		(24.2)		18.0
Equipment, Vehicles, Machinery		17.6		(12.5)		5.1
Construction in Progress		18.0		-		18.0
Infrastructure		235.3		(105.0)		130.3
Total Governmental Activities	\$	332.4	\$	(141.7)	\$	190.7
Business-Type Activities:						
Land	\$	11.0	\$	-	\$	11.0
Buildings and Improvements		67.9		(22.3)		45.6
Equipment, Vehicles, Machinery		19.9		(13.1)		6.8
Construction in Progress		6.3		-		6.3
Infrastructure		63.4		(38.3)		25.1
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	168.5	\$	(73.7)	\$	94.8

This year's major capital asset additions were:

- Reconstruction and replacement of waterlines.
- Additional Transportation Buses
- Construction of Cogeneration Plant

Long-Term Indebtedness

Debt considered a liability of governmental activities decreased during 2002/03 by a net of \$9.2 million to an outstanding balance of \$129.6 million as of June 30, 2003. The decrease is a result in normal amortization of debt. The City's bonded debt per capita is a useful indicator to citizens and investors of the City's debt position. The bonded debt at June 30, 2003, is equivalent to \$137 per capita, down 5.5% from the previous fiscal year.

Debt for business-type activities decreased in 2002/03 by \$2.7 million, to \$78.9 million, as a result of the normal amortization of debt. A schedule of outstanding bonded debt is presented on the following page.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Summary of Long-Term Indebtedness

(in millions)

	Gov	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities					Total				
		2003	2002		2003		2002		2003		2002			
TRAN Payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-		
General Obligation Bonds		14.1		14.5		-		-		14.1		14.5		
Tax Allocation Bonds		4.3		7.4		_		-		4.3		7.4		
Open Space Revenue Bonds		0.9		1.0		-		-		0.9		1.0		
Special Assessment District Bonds		17.7		23.0		-		-		17.7		23.0		
Redevelopment Revenue Bonds		77.0		79.4		-		-		77.0		79.4		
Utility-Water Revenue Bonds		-		-		63.8		66.0		63.8		66.0		
Recreational Revenue Bonds		-		•		14.8		15.3		14.8		15.3		
Long-Term Notes Payable		15.6		13.5		0.3		0.3		15.9		13.8		
Total Indebtedness	\$	129.6	\$	138.8	\$	78.9	\$	81.6	\$	208.5	\$	220.4		

G. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for fiscal year 2003/04, the City continued to face a potential fiscal "perfect storm" due to growing financial challenges from several sources: a sagging economy, potential State cutbacks in local revenue, and rapidly growing personnel costs for retirement and health insurance. Due to financial uncertainties caused by the State Budget deficit, the City enacted a two-year budget for fiscal years 2003/04 and 2004/05. In the first year, \$2.5 million in budget cuts were implemented, eliminating 19.88 full time equivalent (FTE) positions. For the second year, a \$4 million budget cut target was approved, with specific cuts to be approved in early 2004. The budget took into account the following key factors:

- With the State of California facing a \$38 billion budget deficit, the Governor had proposed in January 2003 to reduce local government vehicle license fee income by 67.5% and to cut redevelopment funding in half over 15 years.
- Major factors affecting personnel costs for 2003/04 included cost of living adjustments based on inflation at 3.0%, health insurance cost increases projected at 25%, and employer contribution rates under the Public Employee Retirement System rates at 17.08% of payroll for safety employees (3%@50 Plan) and 4.32% for miscellaneous employees (2.7%@55 Plan).
- Despite higher unemployment and a declining stock market, the real estate markets have remained strong both nationally and locally due to low interest rates and high demand. Local development was expected to generate 1,085 housing units in 2003/04 and 725,000 square feet of new commercial and industrial development. General Fund property taxes were projected to increase by 9.7% due to new construction and ownership changes, based on Solano County estimates.
- Despite stagnant sales tax growth statewide, local revenues were anticipated to increase by \$1 million over the next two years due to a new auto mall; net sales tax growth was projected at 3.7% for 2003/04.
 Legislation to either reallocate local sales tax revenue, or swap a portion of sales tax revenue for property tax revenue, and causing a loss to the City, was not expected to be enacted.

As adopted the State Budget only cut VLF revenues by \$1 million and redevelopment by \$1.1 million, on a one-time basis. This should allow for a reduction in the budget cuts planned for 2004/05. However, the magnitude of the State's deficit remains high and growing, and with a new governor taking office following the Recall

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Election, a great deal of uncertainty remains as to where State budget policy is headed. The City Council will meet early in 2004 to determine whether to keep the \$4 million cut planned for 2004/05, or reduce it.

Fairfield's population for January 1, 2003, was estimated at 102,500. The forecasts of the Association of Bay Area Governments have for many years shown Solano County leading the nine-county Bay Area in percentage growth of population, households, employed residents and total jobs. ABAG projects that Fairfield will lead all agencies in Solano County in numeric growth of these same demographic categories from 2000-2025, as it has in recent years. The City is expected to surmount any short-term revenue slowdown and retain this long-term role as the county's economic leader.

The City annually prepares a ten-year financial plan, which focuses on long-term financial viability and allows decision-makers to better understand the on-going impact of current policy decisions. Multi-year planning also provides an "early warning" of adverse financial trends, and more time to implement changes to ensure better outcomes. Budget development is guided by a series of budget and financial policies adopted by the City Council, including long-term planning, the Expenditure Control Budget concept, minimum reserve levels, employee compensation, cash and debt management, information technology and utility rates. The adopted 2003/04 budget totals \$212.5 million, an increase of 6.3% over the 2002/03 adopted budget. The General Fund comprises \$56.3 million or 26% of this amount, up 9.8% from the prior year.

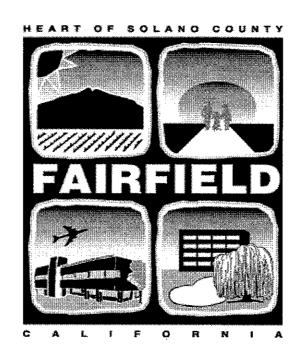
The City Council annually adopts priorities for the coming year. For 2003/04 its top priorities are:

- Budget managing the expected State Budget take-away of local revenue, and labor cost increases, and adopting a Budget Recovery Plan;
- **Transportation** pursuing I-80/680 congestion relief, local traffic calming measures and school safety, and enhancing transit service;
- Housing following "smart growth" policies in local planning, working for Travis AFB protection, and an increase of affordable housing;
- Public Safety increasing Police staffing levels, improving park security, reducing red-light running, and securing interagency cooperation and outside funding for homeland security issues such as hazardous materials response, radio interoperability and training.

H. CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units or need any additional financial information, contact the Finance Department at 1000 Webster Street, Fairfield CA 94533, phone 707-428-7569, or e-mail akrishnan@ci.fairfield.ca.us.

Government-Wide Financial Statements



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total	
ASSETS:	
Cash and investments \$ 144,118,895 \$ 47,307,588 \$ 191,420	5,483
Receivables, net 42,310,846 12,125,496 54,430	,342
	1,380
	3,608
Restricted cash and investments 13,724,013 20,506,478 34,230	-
Land held for resale 15,580,903 15,580),903
Internal balances 14,668,236 (14,668,236)	-
	7,714
	5,974
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable 19,284,790 11,024,602 30,309	,392
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and infrastructure, net 171.410.249 83.782.450 255.193	
	2,091
Total assets 421,618,667 167,175,319 588,793	3,986
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities 8,916,416 2,512,851 11,429	,267
Interest payable 2,592,118 1,172,885 3,769	,003
	,891
Noncontrollable interest in joint agencies 17,513,065 17,513	3,065
Claims and judgment payable 7,784,900 7,784	,900
Compensated absences payable 6,384,482 6,384	1,482
Long-term Obligations:	
Long-term debt - due within one year 5,368,228 4,061,041 9,429	
Long-term debt - due in more than one year <u>124,248,980</u> 74,840,562 199,089	<u>,54</u> 2
Total liabilities	,419
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt50,439,85927,650,47778,090	1336
Restricted for:	,,,,,,,
Capital Projects 63,655,277 63,655	777
Debt Service 23,323,241 23,323	
Community Development 32,342,226 32,342	
Special Projects 13,971,426 13,972	
Total Restricted Net Assets 133,292,170 - 133,292	-170
Unrestricted <u>81,777,213</u> 39,381,848 121,159	
Total net assets \$ 265,509,242 \$ 67,032,325 \$ 332,541	

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2003

Functions/Programs Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Primary government: Governmental Activities Administrative \$ 1,840,184 \$ 6,210 \$ 15,812 \$ 2 \$ 2 2				Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities \$ 1,840,184 \$ 6,210 \$ 15,812 \$ 2,222 Human resources 674,370 23,322 24,324 24,324 24,324 25,322 23,322 24,324 25,322 24,324 25,322 24,324 25,322 24,324 25,616 24,227	Functions/Programs		Expenses		-		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and		Total
Human resources 674,370 23,322 Finance 2,129,630 526,888 Housing 7,287,483 19,163 7,332,106 7,33 Police 18,602,341 325,662 2,294,543 2,66 Fire 7,934,121 5,334 169,238 17 Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$24,287,171 32,65 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,11 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,88 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75											
Finance 2,129,630 526,888 Housing 7,287,483 19,163 7,332,106 7,352 Police 18,602,341 325,662 2,294,543 2,662 Fire 7,934,121 5,334 169,238 17 Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$24,287,171 32,66 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,15 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,57 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,85 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Administrative	\$	1,840,184	\$	6,210	\$	15,812			\$	22,022
Housing 7,287,483 19,163 7,332,106 7,35 Police 18,602,341 325,662 2,294,543 2,66 Fire 7,934,121 5,334 169,238 17 Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$ 24,287,171 32,66 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,15 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Human resources		674,370		23,322						23,322
Police 18,602,341 325,662 2,294,543 2,565 Fire 7,934,121 5,334 169,238 17 Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$ 24,287,171 32,65 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,15 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,764 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,905	Finance		2,129,630		526,888						526,888
Fire 7,934,121 5,334 169,238 11 Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$ 24,287,171 32,62 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,11 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,764 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,905 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Housing		7,287,483		19,163		7,332,106				7,351,269
Public works 28,616,540 6,705,398 1,632,602 \$ 24,287,171 32,62 Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,11 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 82 Non-departmental 6,763,676 82 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 4,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 75 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Police		18,602,341		325,662		2,294,543				2,620,205
Planning and development 1,189,579 678,716 474,545 1,11 Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 82 Non-departmental 6,763,676 82 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 4,287,171 48,89 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 75 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Fire		7,934,121		5,334		169,238				174,572
Community services 7,782,453 1,747,802 1,826,089 3,55 Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 82 Non-departmental 6,763,676 82 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Public works		28,616,540		6,705,398		1,632,602	\$	24,287,171		32,625,171
Redevelopment agency 4,269,018 826,346 82 Non-departmental 6,763,676 82 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 82 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: 82	Planning and development		1,189,579		678,716		474,545				1,153,261
Non-departmental 6,763,676 Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,89 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Community services		7,782,453		1,747,802		1,826,089				3,573,891
Interest on long-term debt 6,328,195 Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,895 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,766 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,946 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,146 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,905 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 755	Redevelopment agency		4,269,018		826,346						826,346
Total governmental activities 93,417,591 10,864,841 13,744,935 24,287,171 48,88 Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 4,90 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Non-departmental		6,763,676								
Business-type activities: Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,96 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Interest on long-term debt	_	6,328,195								
Water Utility 23,458,740 25,764,876 (2,003,368) 23,76 North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,96 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Total governmental activities		93,417,591		10,864,841		13,744,935		24,287,171		48,896,947
North Bay Treatment Plant 5,031,727 4,500,186 444,210 4,94 Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,96 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Business-type activities:										
Transportation 5,394,385 764,976 3,559,658 4,816,559 9,14 Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Water Utility		23,458,740		25,764,876		(2,003,368)				23,761,508
Golf Courses 6,491,930 4,905,900 4,90 Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	North Bay Treatment Plant		5,031,727		4,500,186		444 ,210				4,944,396
Housing Program 692,862 751,090 75	Transportation		5,394,385		764,976		3,559,658		4,816,559		9,141,193
	Golf Courses		6 ,491, 930		4,905,900						4,905,900
Total business-type activities 41,069,644 36,687,028 2,000,500 4,816,559 43,50	Housing Program		692,862		751,090						751,090
	Total business-type activities		41,069,644		36,687,028		2,000,500		4,816,559		43,504,087
Total primary government \$ 134,487,235 \$ 47,551,869 \$ 15,745,435 \$ 29,103,730 \$ 92,40	Total primary government	\$	134,487,235	\$	47,551,869	\$	15,745,435	\$	29,103,730	\$	92,401,034

General Revenues and Transfers:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes Other taxes

Outer water

Total Taxes

Licenses, Permits, and Fines

Intergovernmental

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of land held for resale

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of year

Net assets - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Business-Type							
Activities	Activities	Total					
Activities	ACCIVICIES	TOLAI					
\$ (1,818,162)		\$ (1,818,162)					
(651,048)		(651,048)					
(1,602,742)		(1,602,742)					
63,786		63,786					
(15,982,136)							
		(15,982,136)					
(7,759,549)		(7,759,549)					
4,008,631		4,008,631					
(36,318)		(36,318)					
(4,208,562)		(4,208,562)					
(3,442,672)		(3,442,672)					
(6,763,676)		(6,763,676)					
(6,328,195)		(6,328,195)					
(44,520,644)		(44,520,644)					
	4 202.700	202 762					
	\$ 302,768	302,768					
	(87,331)	(87,331)					
	3,746,808	3,746,808					
	(1,586,030)	(1,586,030)					
	58,228	58,228					
	2,434,443	2,434,443					
(44,520,644)	2,434,443	(42,086,201)					
10,173,856		10,173,856					
16,668,797		16,668,797					
31,963,029		31,963,029					
58,805,682		58,805,682					
1,977,441		1,977, 44 1					
6,015,757		6,015,757					
8,117,732	2,948,155	11,065,887					
2,338,547		2,338,547					
968,813		968,813					
99,409,707	(99,409,707)	•					
177,633,679	(96,461,552)	81,172,127					
133,113,035	(94,027,109)	39,085,926					
132,396,207	161,059,434	293,455,641					
\$ 265,509,242	\$ 67,032,325	\$ 332,541,567					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·					



Government Fund Financial Statements

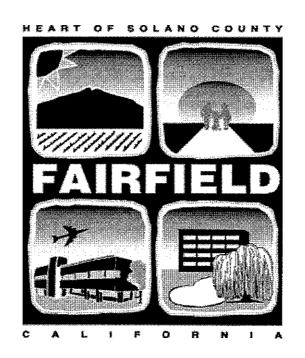
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	Low/Mod Income Housing Special Revenue	Redevelopment Agency Debt Service	Assessment & Improvement District Debt Service		
ASSETS						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 21,984,138	\$ 12.065 <i>.</i> 739	å 2.420.100	# 4.412.222		
Receivables, net	2,680,904		\$ 3,429,190	\$ 4,412,232		
	2,000,904	8,145,528	3,973,588	9,872,305		
Due from other funds		106,814				
Prepaid Items Restricted cash and investments			7 (27 702	F 050 617		
Land held for resale		3,303,623	7,627,793	5,858,617		
Advances to other funds	405,161	3,303,623				
Total assets	25,070,203	23,959,396	15,030,571	20,143,154		
				20/110/101		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,078,820	215,064	1,028,148	2,881		
Due to other funds			24,315	·		
Advances from other funds		269,685	85,545,951			
Deferred revenues	405,161	1,364,233	4,265,000	9,761,101		
Total liabilities	1,483,981	1,848,982	90,863,414	9,763,982		
Fund Balances						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances	2,771,668	148,478				
Endowment						
Notes receivable and Advances to other funds		7,123,909				
Land held for resale		3,303,623				
Major Maintenance						
Debt service				10,379,172		
Low and moderate income housing		11,534,404				
Special projects and programs						
Unreserved:	F00 000					
Designated for operations	500,000					
Designated for subsequent						
vears' expenditures	4 440 DEC					
years' expenditures	4,449,056 15,865,498		(75 000 040)			
Undesignated	15,865,498	22 110 414	(75,832,843)	10.270.172		
		22,110,414 \$ 23,959,396	(75,832,843) (75,832,843) \$ 15,030,571	10,379,172 \$ 20,143,154		

	Major I	Funds		
Pr	City ojects al Projects	Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects	Other Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	32,989,033 1,851,248	\$ 2,615,688 4,449,470	\$ 37,015,904 9,576,002	\$ 114,511,924 40,549,045 106,814
		91,853 12,277,280	237,603 6,606,445	91,853 13,724,013 15,580,903 7,349,298
	34,840,281	19,434,291	53,435,954	191,913,850
	4,117,824	351,085	1,174,910 272,832	7,968,732 297,147 85,815,636
	315,955	2,730,700	3,373,799	22,215,949
	4,433,779	3,081,785	4,821,541	116,297,464
	6,314,174	395,280 1,460,254 12,277,280	946,745 335,375 12,432,045 128,387	10,576,345 335,375 21,016,208 15,709,290
:	24,092,328	2,219,692	2,066,247 266,886 32,438,728	2,066,247 10,646,058 11,534,404 58,750,748
				500,000 4,449,056 (59,967,345)
	30,406,502	16,352,506	48,614,413	75,616,386
\$	34,840,281	\$ 19,434,291	\$ 53,435,954	\$ 191,913,850

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 75,616,386
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Except for the Internal Service Funds amount of \$6,951,094, the capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
Nondepreciable Assets	164,459,155
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment, and infrastructure, net	19,284,790
Total Capital Assets	183,743,945
Investments in Bonds of Redevelopment Agency is an Asset in the Governmental Funds (Internal Service IGS Loan Fund). Since the bonds are also a liability of the Governmental Activity Redevelopment Agency, both the asset (removed on this entry) and the liability (removed below) should be eliminated	(2,950,000)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(2,565,504)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.	123,156,991
Deferred Revenue in the fund financial statements is not a current financial resource and is therefore not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	21,401,648
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Except for the Internal Service Funds amounts of \$3,107,466, the long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows (inclusive of compensated absences payable):	
Long-term liabilities - due within one year	(5,131,554)
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year Total long-term liabilities	(127,762,670)
roan ong term nabitaes	(132,894,224)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 265,509,242



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

		Funds		
	General Fund	Low/Mod Income Housing Special Revenue	Redevelopment Agency Debt Service	Assessment & Improvement District Debt Service
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 25,216,726			
Property taxes	7,057,462	\$ 4,592,873	\$ 18,371,488	
Development fees Special assessments levied				\$ 6,206,124
Licenses, permits and fines	4,281,436			\$ 0,200,124
Developers' contribution	1,201, 150			
Intergovernmental	6,403,371			
Charges for services	4,509,095			
Investment income	1,727,761	510,458	3 94 ,573	355,066
Miscellaneous	4,076,274	247,732	335,247	62,657
Total revenues	53,272,125	5,351,063	19,101,308	6,623,847
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Administrative	1,761,294			
Human resources	673 ₇ 262			
Finance	2,070,840			
Police	15,949,083			
Fire	7,538,499			
Public works	10,233,125			
Community services	5,874,560		•	
Planning and development Housing	1,050,053			
Redevelopment agency		1,955,390		
Non-departmental	1,331,303			
Intergovernmental			4,295,526	34,070
Capital outlay				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement			2,664,099	5,410,000
Interest Fiscal agent fees			14,855,797	1,622,837
Special assessment payments			32 7, 527 611,602	151,787
Total expenditures	46,482,019	1,955,390	22,754,551	7,218,694
Revenues over (under) expenditures	6,790,106	3,395,673	(3,653,243)	(504 947)
	4,750,100	2,232,073	(5,033,273)	(594,847)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from long-term debt		325,845		
Gain on sale of property				
Transfers in	737,306	300,000	1,030,000	209,703
Transfers out	(2,980,677)	(280,000)	(3,698,678)	(65,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,243,371)	345,845	(2,668,678)	144,703
Net change in fund balances	4,546,735	3,741,518	(6,321,921)	(450,144)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	19,039,487_	18,368,896	(69,510,922)	10,829,316
End of year	\$ 23,586,222	\$ 22,110,414	\$ (75,832,843)	\$ 10,379,172

	Major	Funds				
	ou.	D. daniela mand		Other		
	City	Redevelopment		lon-Major	_	Total
_	Projects	Agency	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Ca	pital Projects	Capital Projects		Funds	_	Funds
			\$	3,053,194	\$	28,269,920
			Þ	450,740	₽	
d·	6,349,840			450,740		30,472,563
\$	0,343,040			2 544 002		6,349,840
	4			3,544,092		9,750,216 4,281,436
	175 724			390,816		
	175,724			•		566,540
	2,641,708			12,099,706		21,144,785
	1 305 000	# 271.37F		1 222 014		4,509,095
	1,295,999	\$ 371,275		1,323,814		5,978,946
	98,138	348,367		81,044		5,249,459
	10,561,409	719,642		20,943,406		116,572,800
						1,761,294
						673,262
						2,070,840
				1,569,965		17,519,048
						7,538,499
				3,205,404		13,438,529
				492,319		6,366,879
				128,405		1,178,458
				7,262,269		7,262,269
		3,525,655				5,481,045
						1,331,303
						4,329,596
	12,066,720	600,000		1,555,802		14,222,522
				421,890		8,495,989
				11.001		16,478,634
				11,861		491,175
						611,602
	12,066,720	4,125,655		14,647,915		109,250,944
	(1,505,311)	(3,406,013)		6,295,491		7,321,856
						325.845
		669.722				325,845 669.722
	5,524,463	669,722 3,698,678		413.000		669,722
	5,524,463	3,698,678		413,000 (2,584,378)		669,722 11,913,150
	5,524,463 5,524,463	·		413,000 (2,584,378) (2,171,378)		669,722 11,913,150
		3,698,678 (750,000)		(2,584,378)		669,722 11,913,150 (10,358,733)
	5,524,463	3,698,678 (750,000) 3,618,400		(2,584,378)	_	669,722 11,913,150 (10,358,733) 2,549,984
	5,524,463	3,698,678 (750,000) 3,618,400		(2,584,378)		669,722 11,913,150 (10,358,733) 2,549,984

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2003

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 9,871,840
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	21,587,914
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	(384,262)
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	(7,410,529)
Long-term compensated absences are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term compensated absences are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	(242,224)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Current year bond proceeds.	(225.045)
Current year long-term debt repayments.	(325,845) 8,495,989
Interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, interest expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. The following amount represents the change in accrued interest from prior year.	174,675
In the Governmental Funds, current year recognition of revenue (from previous year's recorded deferred revenue) has been recorded as certain amounts became "available" (measurable and available) in the current year. However, In the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, this revenue recognition would have already taken place in prior years (as "available" is only a criteria for recognizing revenue in the modified accrual basis of accounting).	(5,066,184)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Funds is reported with Governmental Activities.	106,411,661_
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 133,113,035

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual
For the year ended June 30, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 22,740,000	\$ 22,621,000	\$ 25,216,726	\$ 2,595,726
Property taxes	7,032,000	6,880,000	7,057,462	177,462
Licenses, permits and fines	3,126,000	4,039,000	4,281,436	242,436
Intergovernmental	6,036,000	6,079,000	6,403,371	324,371
Charges for services	4,568,000	4,118,000	4,509,095	391,095
Investment income	1,588,000	1,714,000	1,727,761	13,761
Miscellaneous	5,543,000	6,266,000	4,076,274	(2,189,726)
Total Revenues	50,633,000	51,717,000	53,272,125	1,555,125
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Administrative	2,160,512	1,853,512	1,761,294	92,218
Human resources	764,331	719,331	673,262	46,069
Finance	2,456,295	2,285,295	2,070,840	214,455
Police	16,679,839	15,717,839	15,949,083	(231,244)
Fire	8,106,950	7,579,950	7,538,499	41,451
Public works	10,912,226	10,265,226	10,233,125	32,101
Community services	6,430,056	5,933,056	5,874,560	58,496
Planning and development	1,104,334	1,075,334	1,050,053	25,281
Non-departmental	1,111,000	1,162,000	1,331,303	(169,303)
Total Expenditures	49,725,543	46,591,543	46,482,019	109,524
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	907,457	5,125,457	6,790,106	1,664,649
Other Financial Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	417,000	488,000	737,306	249,306
Transfers out	(2,197,000)	(2,211,000)	(2,980,677)	(769,677)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,780,000)	(1,723,000)	(2,243,371)	(520,371)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Sources (Uses)	_\$ (872,5 4 3)	\$ 3,402,457	4,546,735	\$ 1,144,278
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Tana balance - beginning of Teal			19,039,487	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 23,586,222	

Low and Moderate Income Housing Major Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2003

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts				ance with I Budget-
	 Original		Final		Actual	-	ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 4,233,000	\$	4,564,000	\$ '	4,592,873	\$	28,873
Investment income	373,000		339,000		510,458		171 ,4 58
Miscellaneous	 159,000		169,000		247,732		78,732
Total Revenues	4,765,000		5,072,000		5,351,063		279,063
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Redevelopment	 2,697,000		2,479,000		1,955,390		523,610
Total Expenditures	 2,697,000	_	2,479,000		1,955,390		523,610
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,068,000		2,593,000		3,395,673		802,673
Other Financial Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from borrowing	-		300,000		325,845		25,845
Transfers in	300,000		300,000		300,000		-
Transfers out	(280,000)		(280,000)		(280,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources	 20,000		320,000		345,845		25,845
Excess of Revenues and Other							
Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other (Uses)	\$ 2,088,000	\$	2,913,000	:	3,741,518	\$	828,518
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				1	8,368,896		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$ 2	2,110,414		

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

	Major Funds							
		Water Utility		North Bay Treatment Plant	Tr	ansportation	G	olf Courses
ASSETS:								
Current Assets Cash and investments Receivables, net Inventory Prepaid items Due from other funds	\$	41,526,839 4,267,718 398,538	\$	4,796,156 909,618 112,238	\$	6,794,562 66,825	\$	40,801 97,521 122,759
Total Current Assets		46,193,095		5,818,012	_	6,861,387		261,081
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash and investments Advances to other funds Investment in joint agencies Investment in bonds of Redevelopment Agency		9,495,507 747,714		7,788,443				3,222,528
Notes receivable Deferred Charges Capital Assets:		28,945 2,351,812						3,265,162
Nondepreciable		·						10,616,939
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and infrastructure, net Total Capital Assets		28,976,943 28,976,943		32,831,094 32,831,094		11,438,922 11,438,922		10,115,059 20,731,998
Total Noncurrent Assets		41,600,921		40,619,537		11,438,922		27,219,688
Total assets		87,794,016		46,437,549		18,300,309		27,480,769
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other funds Long-term debt - due within one year		1,591,745 811,950 3,516,041		250,094		147,754 5,250,114		480,468 360,935 545,000
Total current liabilities		5,919,736		250,094		5,397,868		1,386,403
Noncurrent Liabilities Noncontrollable interest in joint agencies Deferred revenue Claims and judgments payable				17,513,065				42,590
Advances from other funds Long-term debt - due in more than one year		60,630,562						9,418,122 14,210,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		60,630,562		17,513,065				23,670,712
Total liabilities		66,550,298		17,763,159		5,397,868		25,057,115
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted		21,243,718		15,318,029 13,356,361	-	11,438,922 1,463,519		65,431 2,358,223
Total net assets	\$	21,243,718	\$	28,674,390	\$	12,902,441	\$	2,423,654

Housing Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Housing Programs Governmental Loan Totals Internal Service Funds \$ 943,792 \$ 47,307,588 \$ 29,606,97 9,632 12,079,051 318,79 122,759 411,62 31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
Programs Loan Totals Service Funds \$ 943,792 \$ 47,307,588 \$ 29,606,97 9,632 12,079,051 318,79 122,759 411,62 31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
\$ 943,792 \$ 47,307,588 \$ 29,606,97 9,632 12,079,051 318,79 122,759 411,62 31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
9,632 12,079,051 318,79 122,759 411,62 31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	—
9,632 12,079,051 318,79 122,759 411,62 31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
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31,893 609,494 17,26 - 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
- 5,440,44 985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
985,317 60,118,892 35,795,09 20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
20,506,478 87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	47 ——
87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	91_
87,884,46 747,714 2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
2,950,00 17,500 46,445 1,443,01	60
17,500 46,445 1,443,01	
5,616,974	10
407,663 11,024,602	
420,432 83,782,450 6,951,09	
828,095 94,807,052 6,951,09	94_
845,595 121,724,663 99,228,56	64
1,830,912 181,843,555 135,023,655	55
42,790 2,512,851 947,68	
1,172,885 26,61	14
5,250,114	
4,061,041 236,67	
42,790 12,996,891 1,210,97	/2
17 E12 OGE	
17,513,065 42,500	
42,590 7,784,90	nn
9,418,122	00
	92
- 101,814,339 10,655,69	
42,790 114,811,230 11,866,66	
828,095 27,650,477 4,325,800	
960,027 39,381,848 118,831,19	(X)
<u>\$ 1,788,122 </u>	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

		Major	Funds	
	Water Utility	North Bay Treatment Plant	Transportation	Golf Courses
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 25,334,366 430,510	\$ 4,500,186	\$ 764,976	\$4,905,900
Total operating revenues	25,764,876	4,500,186	764,976	4,905,900
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Material and supplies Operating and maintenance General and administrative Premiums/provision for insurance claims Depreciation	15,848,862 1,675,201 2,401,610	3,652,067 507,672 886,690	3,628,511 933,979 831,895	149,468 3,572,975 377,943 824,371
Total operating expenses	19,925,673	5,046,429	5,394,385	4,924,757
Operating Income	5,839,203	(546,243)	(4,629,409)	(18,857)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Investment income Interest expense Intergovernmental revenue (expense) Other revenue (expense) Minority interest in earnings (losses) of joint agencies	2,316,701 (3,533,067) (2,003,368)	505,774 444 ,210 14,702	8,376,217	86,532 (1,561,044) (6,129)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,219,734)	964,686	8,376,217	(1,480,641)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	2,619,469	418,443	3,746,808	(1,499,498)
Transfers: Transfers in Transfers out	(218,000)			627,677 (55,000)
Total operating transfers	(218,000)			572,677
Increase (decrease) in net assets	2,401,469	418,443	3,746,808	(926,821)
NET ASSETS:				
Beginning of year	18,842,249_	28,255,947	9,155,633	3,350,475
End of year	\$21,243,718	\$28,674,390	\$ 12,902,441	\$2,423,654

Intra- Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	Major Fund	Non-Major		
Housing Programs Governmental Loan Totals Internal Service Funds \$ 751,090 \$ 36,256,518 430,510 \$ 16,401,833 751,090 36,687,028 16,401,833 43,480 192,948 1,814,450 1,814,450 145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 865,867 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735		Trobus		
Programs Loan Totals Service Funds \$ 751,090 \$ 36,256,518	Housing			
\$ 751,090 \$ 36,256,518 \$ 16,401,833	_		Totals	
430,510 751,090 36,687,028 16,401,833 43,480 192,948 1,814,450 145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735	Frograms	Loan	Totals	Service Funds
430,510 751,090 36,687,028 16,401,833 43,480 192,948 1,814,450 145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735	# 7F1 000		+ 26 256 510	A 46 404 000
751,090 36,687,028 16,401,833 43,480 192,948 1,814,450 145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 5,048,502 977,735	\$ 751,090			\$ 16,401,833
43,480 192,948 1,814,450 145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 5,048,502 977,735				
145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735	/51,090		36,687,028	16,401,833
145,503 26,847,918 1,822,144 399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735				
399,943 3,894,738 865,867 3,576,821 3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735	43,480		192,948	
3,576,821 103,936 5,048,502 977,735	•			1,822,144
103,936 5,048,502 977,735	399,943		3,894,738	
	400.005		E 0.40 =00	
692,862 35,984,106 9,057,017	103,936		5,048,502	9//,/35
	692,862		35,984,106	9,057,017
58,228 702,922 7,344,816	58 228		702 922	7 344 816
702,322 7,311,010			702,322	7,511,010
39,148 2,948,155 1,185,298	39,148		2,948,155	1,185,298
(5,094,111) (77,423)			(5,094,111)	(77,423)
8,820,427				
(2,009,497) 44,280			• • • • •	44,280
14,702			14,702	
39,148 4,679,676 1,211,555	39,148		4,679,676	1,211,555
97,376 5,382,598 8,556,371	97,376		5,382 ,5 98	8,556,371
627,677 101,944,384			627.677	101.944.384
· · ·		\$ (99,764,384)		(4,089,094)
<u> </u>		·		
97,376 (99,764,384) (94,027,109) 106,411,661	97,376			
(5),500 (5),500,700 (5),500,7105,7105,7105,7105,7105,7105,7105,	27,370	(557. 6 1,56 1)	(5.1,027,103)	100, 111,001
1,690,746 99,764,384 161,059,434 16,745,330	1,690,746	99,764,384	161,059,434	16,745,330
<u>\$1,788,122</u>	\$ 1.788.122	\$ -	\$ 67.032.325	\$ 123,156,991

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Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

		Major	Funds	
	Water Utility	North Bay Treatment Plant	Transportation	Golf Courses
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for Interfund Services Used	\$ 25,015,445 (14,433,421) (2,539,240)	\$ 4,592,610 (2,503,141) (1,367,121) (156,401)	\$ 764,976 (3,643,851) (642,285)	\$ 4,652,674 (3,207,279) (140,305) (298,630)
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,042,784	565,947	(3,521,160)	1,006,460
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Grants Receipt of intergovernmental lease revenue Transfers in			8,376,217	620,726
Transfers out	(218,000)			(55,000)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(218,000)		8,376,217	565,726
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Principal payments-bonds Principal payments-notes payable Principal payments-interfund loans	(2,655,000) (14,654)			(520,000)
Interest paid Fiscal agent fees paid Proceeds from sales of capital assets Proceeds from lease financing	(3,359,999) (8,593)			(982,530) (9,629) 3,500
Purchases of capital assets Minority interest capital contributions Capital contributions		(24,551) 255,970 444,210	(4,584,284)	(292,597)
Construction of capital assets	(2,738,665)	(39,076)	(270,773)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(8,776,911)	636,553	(4,855,057)	(1,801,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment income received	2,349,341	495,648		93,573
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,349,341	495,648		93,573
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,397,214	1,698,148	-	(135,497)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year	49,625,132	10,886,451_		3,398,826
End of year	\$ 51,022,346	\$ 12,584,599	\$ -	\$ 3,263,329

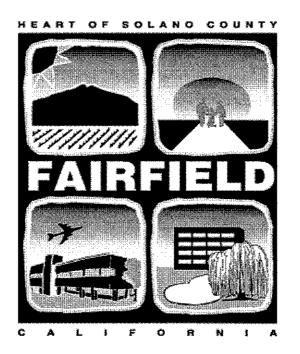
Major Fund	Non-Major		
	Intra-		Governmental Activities
Housing	Governmental		Internal
Programs	Loan	Totals	Service Funds
\$ 759,375		\$ 35,785,080	\$ 10,069,851
(254,705)		(24,042,397)	(9,542,147)
(294,743)		(4,983,694)	(1,390,437)
(67,844)		(522,875)	(73,167)
142,083		6,236,114	(935,900)
		8,376,217	
		-	59,400
		620,726	14,615,897
	\$(12,435,897)	(273,000)	(4,089,094)
	(12,435,897)	8,723,943	10,586,203
		(3,175,000)	
		(14,654)	(95,355)
		- (4 343 E30)	(50.224)
		(4,342,529) (18,222)	(58,234)
		3,500	44,280
		-	3,207,583
(52,333)		(4,953,765)	(632,557)
` , ,		255,970	` , ,
		444,210	
		(3,048,514)	(2,088,277)
(52,333)		(14,849,004)	377,440
39,263		2,977,825	1,196,349
39,263	-	2,977,825	1,196,349
	(40, 405, 057)		
129,013	(12,435,897)	3,088,878	11,224,092
914 770	12 435 907	64 72E 100	10 202 070
814,779	12,435,897	64,725,188	18,382,879
<u>\$ 943,792</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 67,814,066</u>	\$ 29,606,971

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City of Fairfield Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

			Major	Funds		
	_	Water Utility	North Bay Treatment Plant	Transportation	_ <u>G</u> o	olf Courses
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	5,839,203	\$ (546,243)	\$ (4,629,409)	\$	(18,857)
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		2,401,610 (649,291)	886,690 92,424	831,895 (1,885,820)		824,371 (54,256)
(Increase) Decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in advances to other funds (Increase) in due from other funds		54,665	(10,377)	(16,226)		7,390
Decrease in notes receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable		396,597	143,453	(2,151,345)		277,002
Increase (decrease) deferred revenue (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase in due to other funds	******			4,329,745		(36,141) 6,951
Total adjustment		2,203,581	1,112,190	1,108,249		1,025,317
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	8,042,784	 565,947	\$ (3,521,160)	\$	1,006,460

Major Fund	Non-Major		<u> </u>	
	Intra-			vernmental Activities
Housing	Governmental			Internal
Programs	Loan	Totals	Se	rvice Funds
\$ 58,228		\$ 702,922	\$	7,344,816
103,936		5,048,502		977,735
(767)		(2,497,710)		131,457
		7,390		(65,990)
11,722		39,784		(7,096)
		-		(6,142,810)
		-		
(31,036)		(1,365,329)		(108,983)
				1,447,661
		(36,141)		
		4,329,745		(4,512,690)
		 6,951		
83,855		 5,533,192		(8,280,716)
\$ 142,083		\$ 6,236,114	\$	(935,900)



Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2003

	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,487,770
Total assets	12,487,770
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	12,487,770
Total liabilities	\$ 12,487,770

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization and Reporting Entity

The City of Fairfield (the City) was incorporated on December 12, 1903, under the laws of the State of California. The City is a general law city administered by a Council-Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Component units are legally separate entities that meet any one of the following three tests:

- 1. The City appoints the voting majority of the board of potential component unit and:
 - is able to impose its will on the component unit and/or
 - is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit.
- 2. The potential component unit is fiscally dependent upon the City.
- 3. The financial statements would be misleading if data from the potential component unit were not included.

Component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City. Based on the above criteria, the accompanying financial statements include the financial activities of the following entities:

City of Fairfield
Fairfield Redevelopment Agency
Fairfield Public Financing Authority
Fairfield Public Improvement Corporation
Fairfield Water Facilities Improvement District No. 1
Fairfield Municipal Park Improvement District No. 1
Fairfield Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District No. 1
Fairfield Community Facilities Districts
Housing Authority of the City of Fairfield

In addition, individual financial statements are available for many of these entities and can be obtained by contacting the City of Fairfield. These entities are legally separate from each other; however, the City Council serves in separate session as the governing body of these related agencies. The financial activities of these entities are integrally related to those of the City and blended with those of the City. Blending involves aggregating/merging component unit data and data from the City at both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statement level.

The City also has an ownership interest in the Solano Water Authority, the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority, and the Housing Authority's Risk Retention Pool. These entities have not met the criteria stated above, and their financial information is not combined with that of the City (see Note 6). The City's equity investment in the Solano Water Authority is reported in the Enterprise Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Each of the entities or activities included in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements is described as follows:

Fairfield Redevelopment Agency

The Fairfield Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) is organized under the State of California Community Redevelopment Law. The Agency has established the 1) Fairfield Regional Center Project Area, 2) Highway 12 Project Area, 3) City Center Project Area, 4) Cordelia Project Area, and 5) North Texas Street Project area. The projects within each area are financed through debt which is repaid by property tax increment revenues. The Agency participates in low and moderate housing activities including rehabilitation of a low and moderate income rental housing project. The City Council is the governing board of the Agency.

Fairfield Public Financing Authority

The Fairfield Public Financing Authority (the Financing Authority) is a public agency created under a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City and the Agency. The Financing Authority was created for the purpose of providing financing of public capital improvements for the City and the Agency. The City Council is the governing board of the Financing Authority.

Fairfield Public Improvement Corporation

The Fairfield Public Improvement Corporation (the Corporation) is a non-profit tax exempt corporation. The primary purpose of the Corporation is to render financial assistance to the City by issuing debt and financing the construction of public facilities. The Corporation is governed by a board of five directors. New board members are elected by the existing members although the City Council has the authority to disapprove any individual elected by the board.

Fairfield Water Facilities Improvement District No. 1

The Fairfield Water Facilities Improvement District No. 1 (the Water Improvement District) is a voter-approved improvement district formed in 1972 to finance and build water treatment and storage facilities. The City Council is the governing board of the Water Improvement District.

Fairfield Municipal Park Improvement District No. 1

The Fairfield Municipal Park Improvement District No. 1 (the Park Improvement District) is a voter-approved improvement district formed in 1972 to finance acquisition and construction of parks and recreational facilities. The City Council is the governing board of the Park Improvement District.

Fairfield Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District No. 1

The Fairfield Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District No. 1(the Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District) is a voter-approved improvement district formed in 1972 to finance construction of storm drainage facilities. The City Council is the governing board of the Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District.

Fairfield Community Facilities Districts

The City of Fairfield Community Facilities Districts were created in accordance with the State of California Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1972. The Districts were formed to levy special taxes, issue bonds, and obtain

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

loans supported by special taxes for open space and general traffic and street improvements. The City Council is the governing board of the Fairfield Community Facilities District.

Housing Authority of the City of Fairfield

The Housing Authority of the City of Fairfield (the Housing Authority) is organized under the California Health and Safety Code. The objectives of the Housing Authority are to aid low-income families in obtaining decent, safe and sanitary housing through Federal assistance programs and low/moderate income housing programs. The Housing Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners composed of five City Council members and two tenants of the Housing Authority.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These statements implement all the applicable GASB statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City and affiliated agencies are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The City Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect) as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the business type activities, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) of the committee on Accounting Procedure. The City applies all applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in governmental fund balances as presented in these statements to the net assets presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (the City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end). Property taxes, sales tax, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund. The City has presented all proprietary funds as major funds because the City believes the financial position and activities of these funds are significant to the City as a whole.

A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets. The City's Fiduciary funds represent Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

Investments

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 31 (GASB 31), investments are recorded at fair value; changes in fair value are included with investment income in the operating statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and not subject to significant changes in value from interest rate fluctuations. All cash and investments of the proprietary fund types are pooled with the City's pooled cash and investments.

Restricted Cash and Investments

In the Enterprise and Special Revenue funds, certain proceeds of debt issues, as well as certain resources, are set aside for their repayment and classified as restricted cash and investments on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and/or other agreements.

Unbilled Services Receivable

Utility Revenue is recorded when earned. Customers are billed bi-monthly. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled at year-end has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first in, first out method. Inventory in the Proprietary Funds consists of expendable supplies held for future consumption or capitalization. The cost is recorded as an expense as inventory items are consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Special Assessments Receivables/Deferred Revenue

The special assessments receivables represent the principal portion of unpaid assessments on real property to provide for the principal payment of outstanding special assessment bonds. Revenues are recognized when annual assessments are levied (July 1) because of the Teeter Plan (described on page 8). In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the total amount of special assessments which have been levied in the current year and are due in the future years is recorded as receivables and revenue. Whereas, special assessments which have not been levied in the current year and are not due until future years are recorded as receivables with an offset to deferred revenue.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting general capital assets at \$5,000 and infrastructure at \$100,000. Donations or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value when received. Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value and is recorded in the special revenue and redevelopment funds.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets as follows:

Buildings	30-60 years
Improvements	30-60 years
Equipment	5-60 years
Infrastructure	25-60 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the City has included the value of all infrastructure into the Basic Financial Statements.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the street system, water purification and distribution system, sewer and water pipes system, park and recreation lands and improvement, storm water conveyance system, and buildings combined with the site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the Basic Financial Statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. The City commissioned an appraisal of City owned infrastructure and property as of June 30, 2000 and has completed an update for June 30, 2003. This appraisal determined the original cost, which is defined as the actual cost to acquire new property in accordance with market prices at the time of first construction/acquisition. Original costs were developed in one of three ways: 1) historical records; 2) standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date; or 3) present cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date. The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/acquisition to the current date, is calculated by using the straight-line method for depreciation using the industry accepted life expectancies for each infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the original cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Compensated Absences Payable

Government-Wide Financial Statements

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as incurred and related expenses and liabilities are reported.

Fund Financial Statements

In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid compensated absences at June 30 from future resources, rather than currently available financial resources. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed and funded by the various funds in the period they are earned.

C. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budgetary Information

The City adopts annual budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The City adopts project (versus annual) budgets for the Capital Project Funds. The City also adopts annual budgets for the Enterprise Funds, although it is not legally required to do so. The Debt Service Funds' budgets are adopted when the debt issuances are authorized. The City uses the following procedures in establishing the annual budgets and financial plans: After January 1, the departments prepare estimates for required appropriations for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The proposed budget includes estimated expenditures and forecast revenues for the fiscal year. A ten-year financial plan for all funds is included in the proposed budget. The initial budget is presented to the City Manager and the City staff for review. Prior to July 1, the proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and public hearings are conducted at the City Council meetings. After the public hearings are concluded and the public comments are considered, the City Council adopts the budget resolutions. The approved budgets may be amended by the City Council during the year, and were so amended in fiscal year 2003, in accordance with legally adopted budget practices. The effect of the amendments was not material in relation to the original appropriations.

For the General Fund, the City uses an "Expenditure Control Budget" (ECB) whereby funds are appropriated by department without line item detail, and unexpended prior year appropriations are carried forward to the current budget year. The departments (Administrative, Human Resources, Finance, Public Works, Police, Fire, Planning and Development, and Community Services) are authorized to spend the unexpended prior year appropriation in the current fiscal year in addition to the current year ECB. Total appropriations for General Fund functions are adjusted annually by the sum of the percent change in the San Francisco Consumer Price Index and the percent change in housing units in the City. City Council approval is required to transfer General Fund operating budget appropriations between departments; however, departments may exceed the departmental appropriations provided the total General Fund expenditure control budget and the unspent carryover budget is not exceeded. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. A deflator procedure is established for reducing the unspent prior year appropriations that are carried over into the next fiscal year in the event of a deficiency of General Fund balance and resources.

The following table represents the budget carryovers for each department in the General Fund:

EXPENDITURE CONTROL BUDGET CARRYOVER CALCULATION FOR 2002/03 FISCAL YEAR

	Carryover 6/30/02	ECB Appropriation	Department Revenue	Department Expense	Carryover Adjustment	Carryover <u>6/30/03</u>
A destruction to the same	•					
Administration	\$677,746	\$2,040,000	\$6,210	(\$1,804,782)	(\$738,696)	\$180,478
Human Resources	64,100	836,000	23,322	(693,931)	(160,098)	69,393
Finance	966,480	2,568,000	7,377	(2,193,545)	(1,128,958)	219,355
Community Services	2,020,509	3,846,000	2,060,174	(5,397,895)	(1,988,999)	539,790
Planning & Development	447,896	1,204,000	-	(1,087,719)	(455,405)	108,772
Police	1,467,535	15,786,000	475,662	(16,026,244)	(100,329)	1,602,624
Fire	893,896	7,132,000	174 <i>,</i> 572	(7,106,549)	(383,264)	710,655
Public Works	2,308,982	10,282,000	372,856	(10,179,899)	(1,765,949)	1,017,990
Totals	\$8,847,144	\$43,694,000	\$3,120,173	(\$44,490,564)	(\$6,721,697)	\$4,449,056

Note: Carryover adjustment results in all departments ending with a carryover equal to 10% of 2002/03 expense, per section 4 of Resolution 2003-1.

For Special Revenue Funds, budgets are appropriated and approved by the City Council at the fund level. Original appropriations for all General and Special Revenue Funds are carried forward and held until spent, with the exception of the Housing Assistance Fund, whose appropriations lapse at year end. The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis consistent with the basis used for financial reporting.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the fund balance, is employed in the governmental fund types. Encumbrances are reported as reserved fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

2) Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on real property at January 1, based on the assessed values determined by the Solano County Assessor (the County). Taxes are due November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

Article XIII of the California Constitution (more commonly known as "Proposition 13") limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1 percent of value plus taxes necessary to pay indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. The Article also established the 1975/76 assessed valuation as the basis and limits annual increases to the cost of living, not to exceed 2 percent, for each year thereafter. Property may also be reassessed to full market value after a sale, transfer of ownership, or completion of new construction. The State is prohibited under the Article from imposing new ad valorem, sales or transactions taxes on real property. Local government may impose special taxes (except on real property) with the approval of 2/3 of the qualified electors.

In addition to the City's property tax levies for voter-approved debt, Solano County levies property taxes limited to \$1 per \$100 of assessed valuation for county, cities, schools and special districts' operating expenditures. This additional property tax levy is distributed to the different governmental agencies under the State mandated alternate method of apportioning taxes (commonly referred to as the "Teeter Plan") whereby all local agencies

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

with historical tax delinquency rates less than three percent, including cities, receive from the county 100% of their respective shares of the amount of ad valorem taxes levied, without regard to the actual collection of taxes levied. This method was placed in effect by Solano County in the 1965/66 tax year and remains in effect unless the County Board of Supervisors orders its discontinuance.

3) Interfund Transactions

The City had numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. As discussed above, these transactions are classified as operating transfers in/out, due from/to other funds or advances to/from other funds. The tables on the next two pages summarize interfund transactions (as presented in the City's Fund Financial Statements) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

					7	Transfers In (fund receiving transfer):	nd receiving t	ransfer):					
	ls	Special Revenue	ne	Debt Service	rvice	Ē	Capital Projects		Enterprise		Internal Service		
			Low/Mod		Assessmnt			Assessmut					
	Gen.	Maint.	Income	Redev.	& Imp	Olty Clay	Redev	& Imp	Golf	Comm	Tocurance	551	Total
	Pring I	DISTRICTS	Housing	Agency	Districts	Projects	Agency	DISTRICTS	Courses	340	TIISHIGHICE	691	Lorgis
Iransters Out: (fund making transfer)	ı												
General Fund		\$ 293,000						₩	627,677		\$ 228,000 \$ 1,832,000	₩-	2,980,677
Special Revenue Funds:													
State Gas Tax						\$ 1,378,919							1,378,919
Public Safety	\$ 427,872												427,872
Development Tax						374,629				120,000			494,629
Low/Moderate Income Housing				\$ 280,000									280,000
Total Special Revenue Funds	427,872	ı		280,000		1,753,548	-			120,000	ı		2,581,420
Debt Service Funds:													1
Redevelopment Agency							\$ 3,698,678						3,698,678
Assessment & Improvement Dist.								\$ 65,000					65,000
Total Debt Service Funds	1	-	-		í	,	3,698,678	65,000		-	ı		3,763,678
Capital Project Funds:													,
Redevelopment Agency				750,000									750,000
Assessment & Improvement Dist.					\$ 209,703	73,255							282,958
Total Capital Project Funds		'	,	750,000	209,703	73,255	-	-	-				1,032,958
Enterprise Funds:													•
Water Utility						218,000							218,000
Golf Courses		55,000											55,000
IGS Loan Fund											VI	\$ 99,764,384	99,764,384
Total Enterprise Funds		55,000	1	1		218,000	1		,			99,764,384	100,037,384
Internal Service Funds:													. !
IGS Loan Fund	309,434			1	- 1	3,479,660			ŀ		- 1		4,089,094
Totals	\$ 737,306	\$ 348,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 209,703	\$ 5,524,463	\$ 3,698,678	\$ 65,000 \$	627,677	\$ 348,000	\$ 1,832,000 \$	\$ 99,764,384 \$	\$ 114,485,211

The \$99,764,394 transfer is the result of the reclassification of the Intragovernmental Loan Fund from Enterprise Fund in the prior year to Internal Service Fund in the current year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Due to/Due From Other Funds:

			D	ue to Other			ecei	ving loan):		
	ŀ	<u>Specia</u> HOME	l Rev	<u>renue</u>	5	Debt <u>Service</u> Redev	<u>Ent</u>	<u>erprise</u>		
Due From Other Funds: (fund making loan)		rogram		CDBG	- 1	Agency		Transit	•	Totals
Special Revenue Funds: Low/Mod Income Housing			\$	106,814					\$	106,814
Internal Service Funds: IGS Loan Fund	\$	166,018			\$	24,315	\$	5,250,114		5,440,447
Totals	\$	166,018	\$	106,814	\$	24,315	\$	5,250,114	\$	5,547,261

Advances to/Advances From Other Funds:

			ļ	Advances Fro fund red			5:	
	Spec <u>Reve</u> Low/i Inco	1 ue 1od		Debt Service Redev	Ent	<u>terprise</u>	-	
Advances to Other Funds: (fund making loan)	Hous	ing		Agency		Golf		Totals
General Fund			\$	405,161			\$	405,161
Special Revenue Funds: Home Program Development Tax	\$ 269	,685		2,626,232	\$	3,710,528		269,685 6,336,760
Low/Moderate Income Housing Total Special Revenue Funds	269	,685		337,692 2,963,924		3,710,528		337,692 6,944,137
Internal Service Funds: IGS Loan Fund				82,176,866		5,707,594		87,884,460
Totals	\$ 269	,685	\$	85,545,951	\$	9,418,122	\$	95,233,758

4) Cash and Investments

The City manages the cash of the City and affiliated agencies on a pooled basis. Funds are invested in accordance with Section 53601 of the State government code and the City's established investment policy. All monies not required for immediate expenditure are invested or deposited to earn the maximum yield consistent with safety and liquidity. All investments have the City as registered owner or are kept in the custody of the City or a qualified safekeeping institution. A monthly report is submitted to the City Manager and City Council showing a description of the investments, purchase price, purchase date, current market value for all securities with a maturity of more than 12 months, maturity date, par value, discount or premium if any, cost, yield, safekeeping institution for each deposit or investment, average weighted maturity and effective yield of the portfolio. A portion of the portfolio is managed by third party investment managers. In accordance with statement number 31 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB31), cash and investments are recorded at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

A. Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$1,730,543 and the bank balance was \$1,563,769. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

B. Investments

The investment policy restricts investments to the following:

Certificates of Deposit must be FDIC insured or fully collateralized. They must also be purchased from banks or financial institutions located in California.

Negotiable Certificates of Deposit may not exceed 30% of the City's invested funds.

Bankers' Acceptances must be issued by domestic branches or subsidiaries of foreign banks, the short term paper of which is rated in the highest category by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. ("Moody's") or by Standard and Poor's Corporation ("Standard and Poor's"). The issuing bank must be domiciled in a country rated AAA by Moody's, or by Thompson Bankwatch.

Treasury Bills and Notes with a maximum maturity of five years.

Federally-Sponsored Credit Agency Securities with a maximum maturity of five years.

Repurchase Agreements may only be purchased from the 15 largest banks in the U.S. and are used solely as a short-term investment, not to exceed 90 days. Repurchase agreements are supported by eligible investments, of which physical delivery to or safekeeping documentation from a qualified safekeeping institution is required.

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) deposits may be made in this fund up to the State of California limit of \$30,000,000 for each government entity. The City and its affiliated agencies have four accounts with LAIF, therefore the maximum deposit that may be made is \$120,000,000.

Savings Accounts, Money Market Accounts and General Checking Accounts may be used to deposit idle cash. No account may be opened without written authorization from the City Treasurer.

Commercial Paper must be rated prime quality (A1 by Moody's or P1 by Standard and Poor's). Eligible paper is further limited to notes issued by corporations organized and operating within the U.S. and having total assets in excess of \$500,000,000 and having an "A" or higher rating in other long term debt.

Corporate Medium-Term Notes must be rated at least A by both Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The maximum maturity of medium-term notes may not exceed five years. No more than 25% of the City's portfolio may be invested in this category. "Asset Backed Securities" (i.e., credit card securities) purchases are only allowed with approval of the Finance Director; must be rated AAA; and no more than 20% of the portfolio may be invested in this category.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Reverse Repurchase Agreements, Financial Futures and Options, U.S. Zero Coupons and Bonds and Small Business Administration Guaranteed Notes may not be invested in without specific instruction from the Finance Director.

Wire Transfers - Non repetitive wire transfers to vendors may only be made to accounts in the name of the City or the Agency and must be specifically approved by any two of the following four individuals: Finance Director, Assistant Finance Director, Revenue Officer, or Principal Accountant.

C. Credit Risk

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3 requires that deposits and investments be classified by credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments by credit risk:

Deposits:

- <u>Category 1</u> Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- <u>Category 2</u> Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
- <u>Category 3</u> Deposits which are uninsured or uncollateralized.

Investments:

- <u>Category 1</u> Insured or registered or securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.
- <u>Category 2</u> Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
- <u>Category 3</u> Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

<u>Investments Not Subject to Categorization</u> - Investments in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are not categorized, as GASB Statement No. 3 does not require categorization of investment pools managed by another government. Certain fiscal agent investments are not categorized because the underlying assets are open-ended mutual funds. Guaranteed investment contracts are not categorized because they are direct contractual investments and are not securities. All such investments are not required to be categorized under interpretive guidelines issued by the GASB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

D. Summary of Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2003:

		Government-	-Wide	Statement of	Net	Assets	Fu	ınds Financials		
	-						Fi	duciary Funds	-	
	G	Sovernmental	В	usiness Type		Total	:	Statement of		
		Activities		Activities				Net Assets		Total
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	144,118,895 13,724,013	\$	47,307,588 20,506,478	\$	191,426,483 34,230,491	\$	12,487,770 -	\$	203,914,253 34,230,491
	\$	157,842,908	\$	67,814,066	\$	225,656,974	\$	12,487,770	\$	238,144,744

Cash and investments were categorized as follows at June 30, 2003:

		Cate	gory				
	 1		2	3	Uı	ncategorized	 Fair Value
Deposits:							
Deposit	\$ 1,730,543						\$ 1,730,543
Total Deposits	 1,730,543						 1,730,543
Investments:							
Securities of U.S. government agencies	134,890,988						134,890,988
Medium-Term Notes	12,683,852						12,683,852
Local Agency Investment Funds					\$	71,202,086	71,202,086
Mutual Funds	 					17,637,275	 17,637,275
Total Investments	 147,574,840					88,839,360	 236,414,201
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 149,305,383	\$	-	\$ -	\$	88,839,360	\$ 238,144,744

At June 30, 2003, the City had no category 2 or category 3 cash and investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

5) Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the fund financial statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, are as follows (excludes Internal Service Funds):

	General		Redevelopment Agency Low/Mod		Redevelopment Agency Debt Service		Assessment & Improvement District Debt Service		City Capital Projects		Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Receivables:																
Taxes	\$1,713,031													\$	1,713,031	
Interest and other	481,037	\$	232,401	\$	96,869	\$	89,637	\$	326,335	\$	20,372	\$	289,703		1,536,354	
Accounts	486,836		18,343				9,782,668					•	533,875		10,821,722	
Intergovernmental									1,524,913				158,679		1,683,592	
Notes			7,894,784		3,876,719						4,429,098		8,593,745		24,794,346	
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 2,680,904	\$	8,145,528	\$	3,973,588	\$	9,872,305	\$	1,851,248	\$	4,449,470	s	9,576,002	\$	40,549,045	

Business Type Activities	i									
				North Bay						
	Water		Treatment							
		Utility		Plaπt	3	ransportation		Golf Courses	Programs	Total
Receivables:										
Taxes										
Interest and other	\$	136,795	\$	129,502			\$	10,817	\$ 9,632	\$ 286,746
Accounts		4,130,923		780,116	\$	846		86,704		4,998,589
Intergovernmental						6,793,716				6,793,716
Notes		28,945							17,500	46,445
Total Receivables, Net	\$	4,296,663	\$	909,618	\$	6,794,562	\$	97,521	\$ 27,132	\$ 12,125,496

6) Self-Insurance Program

The City is partially self-insured for workers' compensation insurance with a \$1,000,000 retention per occurrence and general liability coverage with a \$500,000 retention per occurrence. The City is completely self-insured for unemployment insurance, short-term disability insurance, and dental insurance coverage programs. Separate general liability insurance coverage is maintained for the Housing Authority federal housing assistance programs and the City's transit activities. See Table 16 of the Statistical Section for more information on the various commercial insurance carriers for various risks.

The expenses of the self-insurance programs are recorded in the Internal Service Fund. In 2003, an independent actuary performed an analysis of the City's self-insured workers' compensation reserves (i.e. payable claims). Estimates for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR) are included in the reserve estimates recommended by the actuary. Based on the actuarial analysis, which used a rate of 5.5% to discount future investment earnings at a 75% confidence level, the City should have reserves of \$5,785,400; at June 30, 2003, the City has funded reserves of \$5,937,148.

In 2001, an independent actuary performed an analysis of the City's self-insured general liability reserves (i.e. payable claims). Estimates for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR) are included in the reserve estimates recommended by the actuary. Based on the actuarial analysis, which used a rate of 5.5% to discount future investment earnings at a 75% confidence level, the City should have reserves of \$1,799,500; at June 20, 2003 the City has funded reserves of \$1,947,660. An updated actuarial analysis is scheduled for Spring 2004.

There are no significant reductions in insurance coverages from prior years. There have also been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverages for each of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

The changes in balances of claims liabilities during the past years (including General Liability and Workers' Compensation) are as follows:

	FY 01/02	FY 02/03
Unpaid Claims (Beginning of Fiscal Year)	\$6,337,239	\$6,337,239
Incurred Claims including IBNR's	1,394,527	2,757,007
Claims Payments	(1,394,527)	(1,309,346)
Unpaid Claims (End of Fiscal Year)	\$6,337,239	\$7,784,900

For worker's compensation, the City purchases excess insurance coverage (above and beyond the retention limit of \$1,000,000) from the commercial insurance market up to a level of \$55,000,000 per occurrence.

For general liability, the City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), a joint exercise of powers agency which provides the City with an additional \$24,500,000 liability coverage over and above the self-insured retention of \$500,000. A property insurance policy is purchased by the member entities of CJPRMA. The deductible amount is \$25,000. The CJPRMA is a legal entity separate and distinct from its member entities, as permitted by the California Government Code. The CJPRMA is governed by a 23-member Board of Directors appointed by the member agencies. Member agencies include approximately 144 California cities. The purpose of the CJPRMA is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member agencies and to provide excess coverage as a group, thereby reducing its expense. The City contributes its pro rata share of anticipated losses to a pool administered by CJPRMA. Should actual losses among participants be greater than the anticipated losses, the City will be assessed its pro rata share of that deficiency. Conversely, if actual losses are less than anticipated, the City will be refunded its pro rata share of the excess. The City has approximately a 3% interest in the assets, liabilities and equity of the CJPRMA as of June 30, 2003.

Summary financial information taken from the audited financial statements of the CJPRMA as of June 30, 2003 is as follows:

Total assets	\$71,750,583
Total liabilities	38,040,959
Total net assets	\$33,709,624
Revenues, expenses & change in net assets:	
Revenues:	
Member contributions	\$ 10,892,921
Fees earned	11,000
Expenses:	
Current year loss provision	8,300,000
Prior year loss reserve adjustment	(7,676,834)
Insurance premiums	3,038,946
General & administrative;	
Maintenance and operation	786,616
Operating income	6,455,193
Investment income	8,584,782
Net income	15,039,975
Net assets-beginning of year	23,423,006
Refunds to members	(4,753,357)
Net assets-end of year	\$ 33,709,624

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

The Housing Authority is a member of the Housing Authorities' Risk Retention Pool (HARRP), an unincorporated association organized under the intergovernmental cooperation laws of the States of Washington, Oregon, California and Nevada. California Government Code sections 6500 to 6516 provide authority for California public housing authorities to enter into intergovernmental cooperation agreements to establish a group of self-insurance programs. HARRP is governed by a nine member Board of Directors elected by the approximately 91 member agencies. Summary financial information taken from the audited financial statements of the HARRP as of December 31, 2002 is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 2	21,845,560
Total liabilities		5,362,982
Total member balances	\$ 1	16,482,578
Underwriting income: Premium earned Losses, loss adjustments expenses,	\$	3,514,170
and experience rating refunds	1	(2,785,257)
Underwriting expenses	1	(1,791,973)
Investment income, net of expenses		1,607,591
Other income		46,730
Net income	\$	591,261

HARRP provides property insurance up to a \$2,000,000 blanket limit applying to all property owned by each housing authority for which it is legally responsible. HARRP also provides a comprehensive general liability insurance policy covering the operation of each housing authority member and directors and officers liability insurance including errors and omissions with a combined single limit of \$3,000,000 per occurrence.

7) Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported all capital assets including infrastructure in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. The City elected to use the "basic approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. All capital and infrastructure systems were reported using the basic approach whereby accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense have been recorded. The following table presents summary information on infrastructure assets as of June 30, 2003:

Asset Description	Cost to Build 6/30/03	Accumulated Decpreciation	Balance 6/30/03	
Governmental Activities:	***		*	
Pavement	\$ 108,903,521	\$ (45,006,835)	\$ 63,896,686	
Sidewalks, Curbs and Gutters	36,957,531	(13,487,823)	23,469,708	
Street Lights	9,711,429	(4,566,313)	5,145,116	
Storm Drains and Open Channels	27,827,942	(17,670,162)	10,157,780	
Sewer Pipes	8,683,778	(3,922,700)	4,761,078	
Traffic Signals	8,127,222	(4,948,918)	3,178,304	
Manholes	10,207,523	(5,103,760)	5,103,763	
Bridges and Box Culverts	19,827,471	(8,042,675)	11,784,796	
Sewer Pump Stations	338,298	(338,298)	0	
Detention and Catch Basins	4,680,834	(1,886,819)	2,794,015	
Total Governmental Activities	235,265,549	(104,974,303)	130,291,246	
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	63,382,098	(38,259,514)	25,122,584	
Total Business-Type Activities	63,382,098	(38,259,514)	25,122,584	
Total Infrastructure Assets	\$ 298,647,647	\$ (143,233,817)	\$ 155,413,830	

For the year ended June 30, 2003, depreciation expense on capital assets was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 61,110
Police	101,271
Fire	61,224
Public Works	6,888,736
Planning and Economic Development	4,437
Community Services	287,826
Housing	 5,925
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 7,410,529

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Capital Assets of the City for the year ended June 30, 2003, consisted of the following:

Asset Description	Balance 6/30/02 Additions		Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/03	
Governmental Activities:						
Land	\$ 18,782	,609 \$	603,220	\$ (101,039)	\$	19,284,790
Land Improvements	1,077	,482	68,950	. 0		1,146,432
Buildings and Improvements	40,738	,854	313,654	0		41,052,508
Machinerey and Equipment	17,383	,080	1,363,779	(1,071,042)		17,675,817
Construction in Progress	10,043	,769	8,238,485	(277,673)		18,004,581
Infrastructure	221,532	,523	13,733,026	0		235,265,549
Total	309,558	,317	24,321,114	(1,449,754)		332,429,677
Accumulated Depreciation	(134,399	,498)	(8,506,693)	1,171,553		(141,734,638)
Total Governmental Activities	175,158	,819	15,814,421	(278,201)		190,695,039
Business-Type Activities:						
Land and Improvements	25,620	,247	0	0		25,620,247
Buildings and Improvements	53,056	,592	259,898	0		53,316,490
Machinerey and Equipment	15,154	,389	4,855,318	(62,680)		19,947,027
Construction in Progress	3,375	,179	2,935,262	(48,194)		6,262,247
Infrastructure	63,382	,098	0	0		63,382,098
Total	160,588	,505	8,050,478	(110,874)		168,528,109
Accumulated Depreciation	(68,735	,232)	(5,035,273)	49,448		(73,721,057)
Total Business-Type Activities	91,853	,273	3,015,205	(61,426)		94,807,052
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 267,012	,092 \$	18,829,626	\$ (339,627)	\$	285,502,091

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

8) Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

Accounts payable and other current liabilities as of year-end for the fund financial statements are as follows (excluding Internal Service Funds):

			Maj	or Funds			Non-Major	
Governmental Activities:	General Fund	Low/Mod Special Revenue	RDA Debt Service	Assessment & Impr. Dist. Debt Service	CITY Capital Projects	RDA Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Accounts Payable Deposit Payable	\$ 1,024,597 54,223	\$ 215,064 	\$ 1,028,148 	\$ 2,881 	\$ 2,719,254 1,398,570	\$ 147,589 203,496	\$ 813,534 361,376	\$ 5,951,067 2,017,665
Total Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$ 1,078,820	\$ 215,064	\$ 1,028,148	\$ 2,881	\$ 4,117,824	\$ 351,085	\$ 1,174,910	\$ 7,968,732
		Major	Funds		Non-Major			
Business Activities:	Water	NorthBay Treatment Plant	Transit	Golf	Housing Programs	Total		
Accounts Payable Deposit Payable	\$ 955,709 636,036	\$ 250,094 -	\$ 145,069 2,685	\$ 415,710 64,758	\$ 14,019 28,771	\$ 1,780,601 732,250		
Total Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$ 1,591,745	\$ 250,094	\$ 147,754	\$ 480,468	\$ 42,790	\$ 2,512,851		

9) Compensated Absences

For governmental type activities, the City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences has been accrued and amounts to \$6,384,482 at June 30, 2003. There is no liability for compensated absences for business type activities because they are fully funded at June 30, 2003. In prior years, compensated absences have been liquidated primarily by the general fund.

,	Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Payouts	Balance July 1, 2003	Amount Due within One Year	Amount Due More than One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated Absences	\$ 6,142,258	\$ 242,224	\$ -	\$ 6,384,482	\$ 705,466	\$ 5,679,016

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

10) Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2003:

	Balance July 1, 2002	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2003	Amount Due within One Year	Amount Due More than One Year
Governmental Activities:	+	AT 000 000	±= 000 000	4		
TRAN payable	\$ -	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General Obligation bonds	14,503,258	-	421,890	14,081,368	421,890	13,659,478
Tax allocation bonds	4,370,000		105,000	4,265,000	110,000	4,155,000
Special Assessment District bonds	23,070,000		5,350,000	17,720,000	1,810,000	15,910,000
Open Space revenue bonds	1,000,000		60,000	940,000	60,000	880,000
Redevelopment revenue bonds	79,370,000		2,350,000	77,020,000	2,465,000	74,555,000
Long-term notes payable	13,511,628	2,328,666	249,454	15,590,840	501,338	15,089,502
Total Governmental Activities	\$135,824,886	\$7,328,666	\$13,536,344	\$129,617,208	\$5,368,228	\$124,248,980
Business-Type Activities:						
Utility-Water revenue bonds	\$ 66,025,562	\$ 9,280,000	\$ 11,490,000	\$ 63,815,562	\$ 3,185,000	\$ 60,630,562
Recreational revenue bonds	15,275,000		520,000	14,755,000	545,000	14,210,000
Long-Term Notes payable	345,695		14,654	331,041	331,041	•
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 81,646,257	\$ 9,280,000	\$ 12,024,654	\$ 78,901,603	\$ 4,061,041	\$ 74,840,562

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRAN) Payable

On July 11, 2002, the City issued \$5,000,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) to provide funds for fiscal year 2003 General Fund expenditures. The TRANS were general obligations of the City but payable solely from fiscal year 2003 taxes and other revenues of the City's General Fund. These notes were paid off on June 30, 2003 with 3% interest per annum.

General Obligation Debt

The general obligation debts are repaid from property tax revenues, and the City is obligated under the law to levy a property tax sufficient to service the debt.

The City has contracted to pay the Solano County Water Agency for the North Bay Aqueduct project costs. The unpaid obligation of \$14,081,368 is payable in annual installments through 2035/36. The City is obligated under the agreement to levy a zone of benefit property tax sufficient to service the contractual payments. The debt does not bear interest. The debt is serviced through the Debt Service Fund.

The annual debt service requirements for the General Obligation Debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Debt					
<u>Ending</u>	Principal	Interest	Total			
2004	\$ 421,890	\$ -	\$ 421,890			
2005	421,890	-	421,890			
2006	421,890	-	421,890			
2007	421,890	-	421,890			
2008	421,890	•	421,890			
2009 - 2013	2,109,450	-	2,109,450			
2014 - 2018	2,109,450	-	2,109,450			
2019 - 2023	2,109,450	-	2,109,450			
2024 - 2028	2,109,450	-	2,109,450			
2029 - 2033	2,109,450	-	2,109,450			
2034 - 2036	1,424,668	-	1,424,668			
Totals	\$ 14,081,368	\$ -	\$ 14,081,368			

Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds

The Highway 12 Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 1985, were issued by the Agency and purchased by the Intragovernmental Loan Fund (Internal Service Fund) of the City at their par value of \$16,180,000, less a discount of \$809,000, in December 1985. The Intragovernmental Loan Fund currently holds \$2,950,000 of these bonds. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 8% to 9%, and interest is payable only as tax increment funds become available to the Agency. As of June 30, 2003, the outstanding balance is \$2,950,000.

Since both the Redevelopment funds and the Intergovernmental Loan Fund (Internal Service) are included in governmental activities at the Government Wide Statement of Net Assets, the "Investment in Bonds of Redevelopment Agency" and the corresponding Long-Term debt have been eliminated. Therefore, the debt service of the 1985 Tax Allocation Bonds has been removed for tie-out (to Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets) purposes.

In February 1996, the Agency issued \$4,565,000 of tax allocation bonds secured by the 20% low/moderate housing set-aside funds. The proceeds were loaned to the non-profit Casa Nova Mobile Home Park, Incorporated for the purchase of a 131-space mobile home park. Under the operating contract, the tenant organization is responsible for the management of the park and repayment of the debt service. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.5% with a maximum annual debt service of \$337,160. As of June 30, 2003, the outstanding balance is \$4,265,000 (These bonds were refunded subsequently after year-end. See Note 17).

The debt service requirements not including the 1985 Tax Allocation Bonds for the Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds are as follows:

mi I Mr	Tax Allocation Bonds							
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal			Interest		Total		
2004	\$	110,000	\$	225,355	\$	335,355		
2005		115,000		220,123		335,123		
2006		120,000		214,540		334,540		
2007		125,000		208,598		333,598		
2008		135,000		202,160		337,160		
2009 - 2013		775,000		897,439		1,672,439		
2014 - 2018		860,000		671,906		1,531,906		
2019 - 2023		1,005,000		424,738		1,429,738		
2024 - 2028		1,020,000		115,755		1,135,755		
Totals	\$	4,265,000	\$	3,180,614	\$	7,445,614		

Open Space Revenue Bonds

In May, 1998, the City issued \$1,160,000 of revenue bonds to refund a previous bank loan, which was originally used to assist the Solano County Farmlands and Open Space Foundation in acquiring open space property known as Lynch Canyon. These bonds (\$940,000 outstanding as of June 30, 2003) are secured by the proceeds of special taxes from Community Facilities District #1. The debt bears interest ranging from 4.0% to 5.5%. The debt service requirements on the Open Space Revenue Bonds are as follows:

		Open Space Revenue Bonds						
Fiscal Year Ending	P	Principal		Interest		Total		
2004	\$	60,000	\$	43,435	\$	103,435		
2005		65,000		40,778	·	105,778		
2006		65,000		37,983		102,983		
2007		70,000		35,0 4 5		105,045		
2008		70,000		31,930		101,930		
2009 - 2013		415,000	-	105,350		520,350		
2014 - 2018		195,000		10,863		205,863		
Totals	\$	940,000	\$	305,384	\$	1,245,384		

Lease Revenue Bonds

The City issued \$15,730,000 in Refunding Certificates of Participation in December 1986 to provide funds for the defeasance of the 1984 Refunding Certificates of Participation and the 1982 Civic Center Cogeneration Certificates of Participation issued by the Fairfield Public Improvement Corporation. In the current fiscal year, these certificates have been retired in full.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Special Assessment District Bonds

Various bonds were issued pursuant to the 1915 Assessment Act and are secured by and repaid from assessments levied against the benefiting property. These bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from assessments, specific reserves, and the proceeds from property foreclosures. At June 30, 2003, the outstanding balance is \$17,720,000 with interest ranging from 3.75% to 12.00%. The debt is serviced through the Debt Service Fund.

The annual debt service requirements by year for Assessment District Bonds are as follows:

e- 13 <i>r</i>	Assessment District Bonds					
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total			
2004	\$ 1,810,000	\$ 1,154,987	\$ 2,964,987			
2005	1,765,000	1,038,146	2,803,146			
2006	1,140,000	9 4 3,219	2,083,219			
2007	1,200,000	866,546	2,066,546			
2008	1,135,000	787,816	1,922,816			
2009-2013	4,725,000	2,963,781	7,688,781			
2014-2018	4,775,000	1,330,523	6,105,523			
2019-2023	1,170,000	42,223	1,212,223			
Totals	\$ 17,720,000	\$ 9,127,241	\$ 26,847,241			

Redevelopment Revenue Bonds

In January 1994, the Fairfield Public Financing Authority (FPFA) issued \$83,535,000 in revenue bonds to provide funds to the Agency to advance refund the \$56,080,000 FPFA revenue bonds issued in 1989 and 1992 and the \$12,890,000 tax allocation bonds issued in 1985. The revenue bonds also provided additional funds of \$1,700,000 for the Cordelia Redevelopment Project area.

The revenue bonds are secured by loan agreements between the Agency and the Financing Authority. The semi-annual loan payments to be made by the Agency are expected to meet all debt service requirements of the bonds. The loan payments are repaid solely from the tax increment revenues within the project areas. Interest is paid semi-annually through 2023 with rates ranging from 2.7% to 5.5%.

In June 1994, the Agency issued \$5,365,000 of 1994 Refunding Public Facility Lease Revenue Bonds to provide funds to refund \$5,035,000 of bonds issued in 1979. Interest on the refunding bonds is paid semi-annually with rates of 3.5% through 1995 and 5.7% thereafter. The refunding bonds are repaid from certain tax increment revenues of the Agency, to the extent such monies are available. Any shortfalls are to be covered by the City, under a lease agreement with the Agency.

In July 1995, the Fairfield Public Financing Authority issued \$2,500,000 of revenue bonds to provide funds to the Agency to construct storm drainage including the sealing of an open drainage ditch along the City's Pennsylvania Avenue. The revenue bonds are secured by loan agreements between the Agency and the Financing Authority. The loan payments are repaid solely from the tax increment revenues allocated to the Agency from the Highway 12 project area after payment of senior lien debt service. If such tax increment revenues are not sufficient to pay debt service on the bonds, additional revenues shall be derived from the imposition of a general obligation tax on property located in the Storm Drain Facilities Improvement District No. 1 of the City of Fairfield. Interest is paid

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

semi-annually through 2010 with rates ranging from 4.10% to 6.4%. The total outstanding revenue bonds as of June 30, 2003 is \$77,020,000.

All of these Redevelopment Revenue Bonds were subsequently refunded after year-end June 30, 2003. See Note 17 for further description.

The debt service requirements on the redevelopment revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Redevelopment Revenue Bonds					
Ending		Principal		Interest		Total
2004	\$	2,465,000	\$	4,194,633	\$	6,659,633
2005		2,595,000		4,066,367		6,661,367
2006		2,725,000		3,928,834		6,653,834
2007		2,875,000		3,781,113		6,656,113
2008		3,030,000		3,622,346		6,652,346
2009 - 2013		16,110,000		15,503,038		31,613,038
2014 - 2018		19,775,000		10,625,389		30,400,389
2019 - 2023		23,770,000		4,214,638		27,984,638
2024 - 2028		3,675,000		101,063		3,776,063
Totals	\$	77,020,000	\$	50,037,421	\$	127,057,421

Utility-Water Revenue Bonds

At June 30, 2003, the water revenue bonds consist of the following:

Total	\$ 63,815,562
2003 Water revenue refunding bonds	9,280,000
1996 Refunding water revenue bonds	51,680,562
1986 Water refunding certificates of participation (STARS)	\$ 2,855,000

The debt service requirements on the utility water revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Utility-Water Revenue Bonds				
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total		
2004	\$ 3,185,000	\$ 3,180,417	\$ 6,365,417		
2005	3,415,000	2,954,502	6,369,502		
2006	3,565,000	2,803,043	6,368,043		
2007	3,730,000	2,636,255	6,366,255		
2008	3,900,000	2,467,155	6,367,155		
2009 - 2013	22,575,000	9,204,685	31,779,685		
2014 - 2018	20,390,562	5,760,144	26,150,706		
2019 - 2023	3,055,000	425,420	3,480,420		
Totals	\$ 63,815,562	\$ 29,431,621	\$ 93,247,183		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

In February 1996, the City issued \$59,065,562 in revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.37% to partially defease \$58,794,449 of the 1986 Certificate of Participation with interest rates ranging from 4.7% to 7.35%. As of June 30, 2003, the undefeased principal of these 1986 bonds with accrued interest is \$2,855,000, and the outstanding balance of 1996 refunding bonds is \$51,680,562.

These bonds are secured by and repaid from the operating revenues of the City's Municipal Water Utility and mature in 2023. In addition, the City is obligated to levy a property tax on properties within the Water Improvement District if water utility revenues prove insufficient to service the improvement bonds. The Water Facilities Improvement Bonds are serviced through the Enterprise Fund. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.9% to 5.8%.

Although the defeasance resulted in a loss on refinancing of \$1,614,048, the City reduced its aggregate debt service payments by \$6,991,376 over the next 19 years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$8,195,474. The loss is reported as "deferred amount on refunding" on the balance sheet and will be amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the new debt or the life of the old debt. In this case, it is the life of the old debt, and the deferred amount on refunding is being amortized over the next 19 years.

In April 2003, the City issued \$9,280,000 in revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.1% to 4.625% to defease and refund on a current basis the Water Enterprise 1993 Refunding Bonds. Although the refunding resulted in a loss on refinancing of \$246,656, the City reduced its debt service payments by \$1,278,790 over the next 20 years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$987,287. The loss is reported as "deferred amount on refunding" on the balance sheet and will be amortized over the next 20 years (shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life on the new debt). As of June 30, 2003 the remaining balance of the deferred liability is \$1,178,021.

Recreational Revenue Bonds

The City issued its 1988 revenue bonds which were used to acquire land and build the Rancho Solano Golf Course. In 1993, the City issued revenue bonds to advance refund the 1988 revenue bonds, and to finance the acquisition and construction of the Paradise Valley Golf Course. In order to obtain debt service savings and to restructure its debt service requirements, in May 1998 the City issued \$17,415,000 revenue bonds thereby advance refunding the above prior obligations in their entirety. The debt is secured by, and will be repaid from, the operating revenues of the two public courses. The City is obligated to levy a property tax on properties within the Municipal Park Improvement District No. 1 if revenues prove insufficient to service the debt. The debt bears interest ranging from 4.0% to 5.5%, paid semi-annually through 2023. As of June 30, 2003, the outstanding balance is \$14,755,000. The debt service requirements on the recreational revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Recreational Revenue Bonds					
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total			
2004	\$ 545,000	\$ 710,425	\$ 1,255,425			
2005	570,000	686,725	1,256,725			
2006	590,000	661,785	1,251,785			
2007	615,000	635,570	1,250,570			
2008	640,000	607,640	1,247,640			
2009 - 2013	3,670,000	2,556,383	6,226,383			
2014 - 2018	4,705,000	1,488,439	6,193,439			
2019 - 2023	2,915,000	432,625	3,347,625			
2024 - 2028	505,000	12,623	517,623			
Totals	\$ 14,755,000	\$ 7,792,215	\$ 22,547,215			

Long-term Notes Payable

At June 30, 2003, long-term notes payable consist of the following:

Economic Development Administration Note	\$ 331,041
Redevelopment Agency Highway 12 Project Notes	2,141,499
Redevelopment Agency Regional Center Project Notes	1,443,010
Redevelopment Agency Regional Center Project Notes	
1999 Tax Allocation Notes (Ellsworth Court)	3,400,000
HELP Funds	1,060,750
Redevelopment Agency Cordelia Project Notes	
2001 Tax Allocation Notes	3,890,000
Redevelopment Agency Cordelia Project Notes-REDIP	548,115
FPFA Lease-Cogeneration	1,104,645
California Energy Commission Note	2,002,821
	\$ 15,921,881

In July 1977, the City obtained a long-term loan from the Economic Development Administration in connection with a drought relief program at an interest rate of 5%. This note is fully paid in year 2004.

The Agency has two long-term notes in the Highway 12 Project Area totaling \$2,141,499 (which include accrued interest). These notes are subordinate to other debts of the Agency. In September, 1981, the Agency issued a long-term note for \$931,081 to reimburse a developer for the cost of oversizing for storm drainage facilities in the Highway 12 Project Area. Interest accrued at 10% compounded annually through September 1, 1989 after which the note became non-interest bearing. Total unpaid interest is \$1,032,040, which has been added to the note. In February 1982, the Agency issued a non-interest bearing long-term note to reimburse a developer for the cost of oversizing for storm drainage facilities in the Highway 12 Project Area for \$178,378.

In 1992, the Agency and the City entered into an agreement under which the Agency purchased a leasehold interest in the City Hall at the Mall in the Regional Center Project Area for \$2,288,010. The Agency's obligation is shown as a long-term note payable balance at June 30, 2003 is \$1,443,010. Graduated installment payments of principal and interest at 12% per annum are due semi-annually through 2017. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency leases the City Hall at the Mall to the City for a nominal amount.

In fiscal 2000, the Agency issued \$3,400,000 in Tax Allocation Notes (secured and paid through the 20% low/moderate income housing set-aside funds) to provide funds for the acquisition and demolition of a low/moderate income housing project known as Ellsworth Court. A portion of the proceeds were used for relocation assistance for the tenants of the project. The notes have semi-annual interest payments of \$85,000 at a rate of 5% per annum and mature in 2004.

In FY 2001, loans were issued using HELP program funds for the purpose of rehabilitating properties to provide housing for low/moderate income households. The loans have an interest rate of 3% and are secured by the deeds of trust on the properties. In the current year, \$325,845 in additional funds were received.

In October 1995, the Agency acquired a loan from the Rural Economic Development Infrastructure Panel (REDIP) in the amount of \$973,060. This loan with a fixed interest rate of 6.5% has graduated principal and interest payments due semi-annually through 2009.

In May 2001, the Agency issued \$3,890,000 in Tax Allocation Note to finance public street construction in the Green Valley Corporate Park. The debt service will be paid from the tax increment revenues of the Cordelia Project Area. The note has semi-annual interest payments at a rate of 4.85% per annum and matures in August 2006.

In March 2002, the City acquired a loan from Wells Fargo Bank in the amount of \$1,200,000 which is to be used for upgrading its co-generation plant's energy management system. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 4.95% with principal and interest payments due semi-annually through March, 2012.

In April, 2003, the City obtained a long term loan from the California Energy Commission in the amount of \$2,002,821 which is to be used for upgrading its co-generation plant. The loan has a fixed interest rate of 3% with principal and interest payments due semi-annually through June, 2013.

The debt service requirements on the long-term notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Long Term Notes Payable				
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total		
2004	\$ 832,379	\$ 796,738	\$ 1,629,117		
2005	5,057,003	643,653	5,700,656		
2006	1,723,147	499,054	2,222,201		
2007	1,834,923	433,326	2,268,249		
2008	1,573,265	403,039	1,976,304		
2009 - 2013	2,296,655	2,055,736	4,352,391		
2014 - 2018	463,010	1,938,558	2,401,568		
2019 - 2023	-	_	-		
2024 - 2028	-	-	-		
2029 - 2033	2,141,499		2,141,499		
Totals	\$ 15,921,881	\$ 6,770,104	\$ 22,691,985		

11) Classification of Net Assets

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net assets are classified in the following categories:

<u>Invested In Capital Assets</u>, <u>Net of Related Debt</u> – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Additionally, this category presents restrictions placed on the categories of Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Specific Projects and Programs as established by the City Council.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> – This category represents the net assets of the City, which are not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

In the Fund Financial Statements, reserves segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves are established by actions of the City Council and Management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions. As of June 30, 2003, reservations of fund balance are described below:

<u>Reserved for Encumbrances</u> - These reserves represent the portion of purchase orders and contracts awarded for which goods and services have not yet been received.

<u>Reserved for Endowment</u> – These reserves represent the fund balance of the Outreach Independence Permanent Fund. This amount represents the endowment principal, which under terms of the agreement cannot be spent.

Reserved for Notes Receivable and Advances to Other Funds - These reserves were established to reflect the non-current portion of Notes Receivable and Advances to other funds so that they will not be considered as current available funds.

<u>Reserved for Major Maintenance</u> - These reserves were established to reflect the Maintenance Districts legally restricted funds.

Reserved for Debt Service - These reserves were established to provide for future debt service.

Reserved for Land Held for Resale - This reserve was established to reflect non-current resources so they will not be considered as current available funds.

Reserved for Low and Moderate Income Housing - This designation represents 20% of tax increment revenues generated by the Redevelopment Project Area to increase and improve the supply of low and moderate income housing.

<u>Reserved for Specific Projects and Programs</u> - These reserves represent specific projects and programs for which the City has made a commitment towards completion through adoption of the City Budget.

Unreserved fund balances in the Fund Financial Statements are designated by Management as follows:

General Fund

Total General Fund	\$ 20,814,554
Unappropriated Fund Balance	15,865,498
Designated for Operations	500,000
Subsequent Year's Expenditures/ECB Reserve	\$ 4,449,056

12) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multipleemployer system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

All full-time City employees are eligible to participate in PERS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 50 having attained five years of credited service and are entitled to

an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to a percent of their highest annual salary for each year of service credit. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements have been established by State statute and by specific agreements with City labor groups.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Active plan members are required by State statute to contribute 7% for miscellaneous and 9% for safety employees of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined percentage of annual covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost – The City's annual pension cost for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions, which amounted to \$2,651,951 for the year ended June 30, 2003. The contribution rate for the fiscal year 2002/2003 for miscellaneous employees is 0% from July to September 2002 and 0.957% from October 2002 to June 30, 2003. The change in the contribution rate was a result of adopting an enhanced benefit formula with 1% employee cost sharing for the additional benefit for the pension plan. The contribution rate for safety employees for the fiscal year 2002/2003 is 2.813% of payroll.

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2000 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a) 8.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and b) projected annual salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 14.2% for miscellaneous and 4.27% to 11.59% for safety employees. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.5%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or surplus) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period at June 30, 2000 was 40 years and 5 years for miscellaneous and safety employees respectively. The City has excess actuarial assets and has overfunded the actuarial liability as of June 30, 2003.

Three years of trend information regarding annual pension costs is summarized as follows:

	A	nnual	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Pension Cost APC		APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/01	\$	-	100%	\$0
6/30/02		-	100%	0
6/30/03		463,121	100%	0

13) Post-employment Health Care Benefits

The City provides post retirement health care benefits to certain retired executive management employees and retired City officials as approved by City resolution. Eligibility requirements include a minimum of ten continuous years of service with the City, age of at least 50 upon leaving office and receipt of Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) benefits. The eligible official/employee must elect to be included in this program immediately upon retirement. Currently, ten individuals are covered under this program. The City pays 100% of the monthly health and dental insurance premiums for these former employees and officials. The City has established in the Internal Service Insurance Fund a funded reserve of \$1,124,315 for these benefit costs. The total cost of this program for fiscal year 2003 was \$101,895.

14) Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In September 1997, the Agency assisted the Fairfield Housing Authority and the Pacific Estates Residents' Association in the acquisition of a 175-space mobile home park known as Casa Mobile Home Park. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, the Fairfield Housing Authority issued mortgage revenue bonds in the amount of \$5,546,189 which were subsequently purchased by the park's prior owners. These bonds are special and limited obligation bonds of the Housing Authority. Should the net revenues of the park be insufficient to cover the bond payments, the Agency would provide a stand-by source of revenue for the payment of the bonds for 30 years up to 2029 by pledging its low and moderate income funds. These bonds would have annual debt service of \$500,000 per year and bear interest at 8.25%. This pledge would be subordinate to the previously issued 1996 Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$4,535,000 (see Note 7). It is neither expected nor likely that the Agency would need to make payments on these bonds; therefore, the liability for the bonds is not recorded in the financial statements. These bonds were subsequently refunded after year-end June 30, 2003 (See note 17).

In December, 1998, the City of Fairfield Housing Authority issued \$9,180,000 in refunding revenue bonds to advance refund the outstanding remaining principal from a \$7,125,000 bond issue (done by the Housing Authority in 1994) related to the original acquisition of Creekside Estates Mobile Home Park. These bonds are special and limited obligation bonds of the Housing Authority. Should the net revenues of the park be insufficient to cover the bond payments, the Agency would provide a stand-by source of revenue for the payment of the bonds for 25 years up to 2023 by pledging its low and moderate income funds. These bonds would have annual debt service ranging from \$685,763 to \$690,630 and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.625%. This pledge would be subordinate to the previously issued 1996 Redevelopment Tax Allocation bonds in the amount of \$4,445,000 (see Note 7) and the aforementioned contingent liability related to Casa Mobile Home Park. It is neither expected nor likely that the Agency would need to make payments on these bonds; therefore, the liability for the bonds is not recorded in the financial statements.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. Although the outcome of these claims and lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's management, on advice of legal counsel, it is unlikely that they will have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The City and the Housing Authority have received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

15) Net Revenue and Changes in Net Assets and Budget Deficits

The governmental activities for the Housing program reflect a net revenue of \$63,786 which is a result of administrative fees earned in excess of actual administrative costs.

The governmental activities for the Public Works program reflect a net revenue of \$4,008,631. This is a result of donated infrastructure (streets, and sidewalks, curbs, gutters, storm drains, and sewer pipes) from completed housing subdivisions.

The business-type activities for the golf course program reflects a net expense of \$1,577,218, which is a result of an increase of interest expense, caused by an addition to the outstanding debt. Also, the North Bay Treatment Plant program reflects a net expense of \$87,331 due to an increase in plant costs for treatment and sanitization of the water.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

In the General Fund the following negative variances exist due to: (a) Miscellaneous income – miscellaneous charges for services was lower than the estimated amount; (b) Police – capital expenditure exceeded the projected amount; and (c) Non-departmental – the interest expense on TRAN was not budgeted for but charged here, and the cost of energy feasibility study was not budgeted for but was funded.

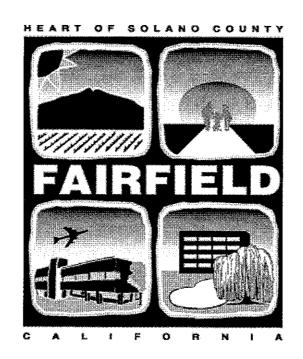
16) Subsequent Event

On August 1, 2003, to take advantage of lower interest rates, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$79,455,000 in Revenue Bonds to refund (retire) the following debt issues: 1996 Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bond (original issue amount of \$4,565,000, outstanding amount of \$4,265,000 related to the Casa Nova Mobile Home Park); the 1993 Redevelopment Revenue Bonds (original issue amount \$83,535,000, outstanding amount of \$67,555,000); the 1994 Refunding Public Facility Lease Revenue Bonds (original issue amount \$5,365,000, outstanding amount of \$3,040,000); the 1995 FPFA Revenue Bonds (original issue amount of \$2,500,000, outstanding amount of \$2,145,000); and the 1989 FPFA Revenue Bonds (undefeased portion at original issue amount of \$5,360,000, outstanding amount of \$4,280,000). This new debt issue has interest rates ranging from 2.00% - 4.35% and has a final maturity date in 2023. By refunding these debt issues, the Agency achieved a combined cash flow savings of \$11,371,012 over the life of the bond issues (when comparing the cost of the new debt service with the cost of the previous debt service). This savings translates into an economic gain of \$9,766,563 (which is the present value of the \$11,371,012 cumulative debt service savings).

Required Supplementary Information

PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Miscellaneou	ıs Employees					Actuarial
						Excess
		Entry Age				Assets as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial				Percentage of
Valuation	Asset	Accrued	Excess	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Value	Liability	Assets	Ratio	Payroli	Payroll
6/30/99	\$ 85,516,046	\$ 62,664,927	\$ 22,851,119	136.5%	\$ 15,450,848	147.9%
6/30/00	93,794,935	70,722,245	23,072,690	132.6%	17,582,870	131.2%
6/30/01	97,011,167	89,580,445	7,430,772	108.3%	19,620,351	37.9%
Safety Emplo	oyees					
						Excess
		Entry Age				Assets as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial				Percentage of
Valuation	Asset	Accrued	Excess	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Value	Liability	Assets	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/99	\$ 72,808,093	\$ 56,521,597	\$ 16,286,496	128.8%	\$ 8,716,926	186.8%
6/30/00	79,599,205	72,496,66 7	7,102,538	109.8%	10,080,727	70.5%
6/30/01	81,971,261	79,375,060	2,596,201	103.3%	11,134,721	23.3%



Supplementary Information



Non-Major Governmental Funds

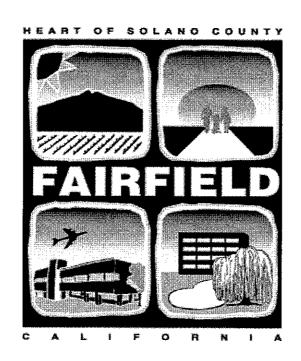
Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Special Revenue				
ASSETS	State Gas Tax	Public Home Safety Program		Development Tax	
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables, net Restricted cash and investments Land held for resale Due from other funds Advances to other funds	\$ 2,234,602 218,720	\$ 41,799 98,275	\$ 6,916,975 269,685	\$ 9,313,031 89,253 6,336,760	
Total assets	2,453,322	140,074	7,186,660	<u>15,739,044</u>	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities Fund balances:			166,018 424,909 590,927	329,743 2,407,481 2,737,224	
Reserved: Encumbrances Endowment Notes receivable and Advances to Other Fund Land held for resale Major maintenance Debt service	ds		6,595,733	36,716 4,018,532	
Low and moderate income housing Special projects and programs Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	2,453,322 2,453,322 \$ 2,453,322	140,074 140,074 \$ 140,074	6,595,733 \$ 7,186,660	8,946,572 13,001,820 \$ 15,739,044	

Special Revenue				
Special Programs	Maintenance Districts	Community Development Block Grant	Housing Assistance	
\$ 693,398 138,886	\$ 8,969,235 95,488	\$ 147,513 1,785,734 103,464	\$ 192,206 62,590 134,139	
832,284	9,064,723	2,036,711	388,935	
1,254	290,684	36,320 106,814	158,677 -	
480,372 481,626	290,684	61,037 204,171	158,677	
8,508 105,627	679,118	1,704,153 128,387		
	2,066,247			
236,523	6,028,674		230,258	
350,658	8,774,039	1,832,540	230,258	
<u>\$ 832,284</u>	<u>\$ 9,064,723</u>	<u>\$ 2,036,711</u>	<u>\$ 388,935</u>	

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Debt Service	Capital Projects Assessment &	Permanent Fund	Total Other
	General Obligation	Improvement Districts	Outreach Independence	Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 266,886	\$ 14,693,262	\$ 463,97 2	\$ 37,015,904
Receivables, net		165,088	4,993	9,576,002
Restricted cash and investments Land held for resale				237,603
Due from other funds				
Advances to other funds				6,606,445
Total assets	266,886	14,858,350	468,965	53,435,954
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		358,232		1,174,910
Due to other funds		,		272,832
Deferred revenue				3,373,799
Total liabilities		358,232		4,821,541
Fund balances:				
Reserved:				
Encumbrances		222,403	DDE 000	946,745
Endowment Notes receivable and Advances to Other Funds		9 000	335,375	335,375
Land held for resale		8,000		12,432,045 128,387
Major maintenance				2,066,247
Debt service	266,886			266,886
Low and moderate income housing				,
Special projects and programs		14,269,715	133,590_	32,438,728
Total fund balances	266,886	14,500,118	468,965	48,614,413
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 266,886	<u>\$ 14,858,350</u>	<u>\$ 468,965</u>	<u>\$ 53,435,954</u>



Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2003

	Special Revenue					
	State Gas Tax	Public Safety	Home Program	Development Tax		
REVENUES:						
Taxes Property taxes Special assessments levied Developers' contribution Intergovernmental Investment income	\$2,074,509 55,998	\$ 314,735 447,955 3,247	\$ 474,545 14,643	\$ 2,738,459 193,905		
Miscellaneous		-	400			
Total revenues	2,130,507	765,937	489,588	2,932,364		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development Housing Redevelopment Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest Fiscal agent fees		321,612	53,799	703,807 111,258		
Total expenditures		321,612	53,799	815,065		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,130,507	444,325	435,789	2,117,299		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from long-term debt Transfers in			,			
Transfers out	<u>(1,378,919)</u>	(427,872)		(494,629)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,378,919)	(427,872)		(494,629)		
Net change in fund balances	751,588	16,453	435,789	1,622,670		
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	1,701,734	123,621	6,159,944	11,379,150		
End of year	<u>\$2,453,322</u>	\$ 140,074	\$ 6,595,733	\$ 13,001,820		

	Special I	Revenue	
Special Programs	Maintenance Districts	Community Development Block Grant	Housing Assistance
\$1,353,133 51,116 4,173 1,408,422	\$2,576,389 346,490 28,931 2,951,810	\$ 527,335 46,101 20,377 593,813	\$7,222,229 9,696 19,163 7,251,088
1,219,633 71,650 74,606	2,391,025	28,720 38,922 364,629 109,877	7,152,392
1,365,889 42,533	2,391,025 560,785	542,148 51,665	7,152,392 98,696
<u> </u>	348,000		
42,533	908,785	51,665	98,696
308,125 \$ 350,658	7,865,254 \$8,774,039	1,780,875 \$1,832,540	131,562 \$ 230,258

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2003

DEVENUES	Debt Service General Obligation	Capital Projects Assessment & Improvement Districts	Permanent Fund Outreach Independence	Total Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Taxes Property taxes Special assessments levied Developers' contribution Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 450,740	\$ 967,703 390,816 580,573 8,000	\$ 19,148	\$ 3,053,194 450,740 3,544,092 390,816 12,099,706 1,323,814 81,044
Total revenues	453,637	1,947,092	19,148	20,943,406
EXPENDITURES: Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development Housing Redevelopment Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest Fiscal agent fees	421,890 11,861	1,555,802	16,432	1,569,965 3,205,404 492,319 128,405 7,262,269 - 1,555,802 421,890 - 11,861
Total expenditures	433,751	1,555,802	16,432	14,647,915
Revenues over (under) expenditures	19,886	391,290	2,716	6,295,491
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from long-term debt Transfers in Transfers out		65,000 (282,958)		- 413,000 (2,584,378)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(217,958)		(2,171,378)
Net change in fund balances	19,886	173,332	2,716	4,124,113
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	247,000	14,326,786_	466,249	44,490,300
End of year	\$ 266,886	<u>\$ 14,500,118</u>	\$ 468,965	<u>\$ 48,614,413</u>

Internal Service Funds

- CENTRAL STORES To account for the printing, copying, and mail services provided to the various city departments; as well as accounting for public work maintenance supplies for the various City departments.
- **AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES** To account for automotive services performed for the various City departments as well as accounting for the City's Vehicle Replacement Fund.
- COMMUNICATION SERVICES To account for the charges to the various departments for the use and maintenance of the main power supplies for various communication devices such as hand radios, phones, and computers.
- **INTRAGOVERNMENTAL LOAN** To account for loans made to City funds or affiliated agencies.
- INSURANCE To account for all insurance activities of the City.
- PUBLIC BUILDINGS To account for the operation of the cogeneration facilities, and major maintenance of the Civic Center complex.

Combining Statement of Net Assets All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2003

	 	Central Stores		Automotive Services		Communication Services	
ASSETS:							
Current Assets	+	267.414		C 077 407		2.044.242	
Cash and investments Receivables, net	\$	267,414 2,639	\$	6,877,497 69,260	\$	2,914,212 28,362	
Due from other funds		2,033		03,200		20,302	
Inventory		76,107		335,514			
Prepaid items		11,662				5,599	
Total Current Assets		357,822	*****	7,282,271		2,948,173	
Noncurrent Assets Advances to other funds Notes receivable Investment in bonds of Redevelopment Agency Capital Assets: Depreciable buildings, property, equipment							
and infrastructure, net		3,291		3,604,475		718,034	
Total Capital Assets		3,291		3,604,475		718,034	
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,291	-	3,604,475		718,034	
Total assets		361,113		10,886,746		3,666,207	
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Accrued interest payable Long-term debt - due within one year		4,871	****	661,104		52,572	
Total current liabilities		4,871		661,104		52,572	
Noncurrent Liabilities Claims and judgments payable Long-term debt - due in more than one year							
Total noncurrent liabilities		_					
Total liabilities		4,871		661,104		52,572	
NET ASSETS:					-		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt Restricted		3,291		3,604,475		718,034	
Unrestricted		352,951		6,621,167		2,895,601	
Total net assets	\$	356,242	\$	10,225,642	\$	3,613,635	

						- · · · -
G	Intra- overnmental				Public	
	Loan		Insurance]	Buildings	 Totals
\$	8,327,799	\$	10,277,505	\$	942,544	\$ 29,606,971
	115,026		93,549		9,955	318,791
	5,440,447					5,440,447 411,621
						17,261
	13,883,272		10,371,054		952,499	35,795,091
	87,884,460					87,884,460
	1,443,010					1,443,010
	2,950,000					2,950,000
						-
					2,625,294	- 6,951,094
	_		_		2,625,294	6,951,094
	92,277,470		-		2,625,294	99,228,564
	106,160,742		10,371,054		3,577,793	135,023,655
			158,610		70,527	947,684
			,		26,614	26,614
					236,674	 236,674
			158,610		333,815	 1,210,972
			7,784,900		2 070 702	7,784,900
			7,784,900		2,870,792	 2,870,792
-					2,870,792	 10,655,692
			7,943,510		3,204,607	11,866,664
						4,325,800
	106,160,742		2,427,544		373,186	118,831,191
\$	106,160,742	_\$	2,427,544	\$	373,186	\$ 123,156,991
		-				

Combining Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets All Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2003

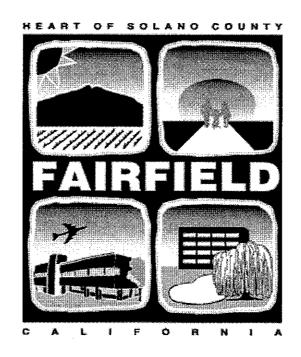
OPERATING REVENUES:	Central Stores	Automotive Services	Communication Services
	¢E60 424	# 2.274 FF6	ф 1 DDE 220
Charges for services	\$568,424	\$ 2,374,556	\$ 1,285,320
Total operating revenues	568,424	2,374,556	1,285,320
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Material and supplies	263,763	810,252	215,874
Operating and maintenance	200,883	801,924	554,926
General and administrative	94,292	131,122	223,948
Premiums/provision for insurance claims			
Depreciation	3,291	<u>623,464</u>	270,674
Total operating expenses	562,229	2,366,762	1,265,422
Operating Income	6,195	7,794	19,898
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment income	10,419	215,952	112,005
Interest expense			
Intergovernmental revenue (expense)			
Other revenue (expense)		44,280	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	10,419	260,232	112,005
Income (loss) before operating transfers	16,614	268,026	131,903
Transfers: Transfers in Transfers out			228,000
Total operating transfers			228,000
Net Income (loss)	16,614	268,026	359,903
NET ASSETS:			
Beginning of year	339,628	9,957,616	3,253,732
End of year	\$356,242	\$10,225,642	\$ 3,613,635
		ψ10/223/0 PZ	Ψ 2,013,033

Intra- Governmental Loan	Insurance	Public Buildings	Totals
\$ 9,984,236	\$1,292,970	\$896,327	\$ 16,401,833
9,984,236	1,292,970	896,327	16,401,833
8,472	323,223 3,570,727	524,561 264,411 84,810 6,094 80,306	1,814,450 1,822,144 865,867 3,576,821 977,735
8,472	3,893,950	960,182	9,057,017
9,975,764	(2,600,980)	(63,855)	7,344,816
450,288 59,400	350,014	46,620 (77,423)	1,185,298 (77,423) 59,400 44,280
509,688	350,014	(30,803)	1,211,555
10,485,452	(2,250,966)	(94,658)	8,556,371
99,764,384 (4,089,094)	1,832,000	120,000	101,944,384 (4,089,094)
95,675,290	1,832,000	120,000	97,855,290
106,160,742	(418,966)	25,342	106,411,661
	2,846,510	347,844	16,745,330
\$106,160,742	\$2,427,544	\$373,186	\$123,156,991

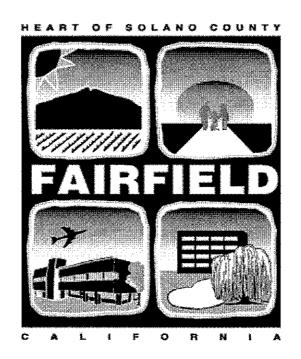
Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2003

	Central Stores	Automotive Services	Communication Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 568,424	\$ 2,374,556	\$ 1,285,320
Payments to suppliers	(505,876)	(1,052,297)	(751,416)
Payments to employees	(83,862)	(694,750)	(213,548)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(21.214)	(10,614)	(12,471)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(21,314)	616,895	307,885
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipt of Intergovernmental lease revenue			
Transfers in			228,000
Transfers out			
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital			
financing activities			228,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Principal payments			
Interest paid			
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		44,280	
Proceeds from lease financing			
Construction of capital assets Purchases of capital assets		(632 557)	
i dicilases of capital assets		(632,557)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(588,277)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Investment income received	10,419	215,952	112,005
Net cash provided by investing activities	10,419	215,952	112,005
			-,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(10,895)	244,570	647,890
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Beginning of year	278,309	6,632,927	2,266,322
End of year	\$ 267,414	\$ 6,877,497	\$ 2,914,212
	+ 20///21	9. 0/011/121	<u> </u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 6,195	<u>\$ 7,794</u>	\$ 19,898
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	3,291	623,464	270,674
(Increase) in inventory	(7,834)	(58,156)	•
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(1,933)		(5,163)
(Increase) decrease in advances to other funds	/4043	377	/ - ^
(Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(121) (20,912)	273 43,520	(4,940) 27,416
Increase (decrease) in due from other funds	(20,312)	73,320	27,416
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgements payable			
Total adjustment	(27,509)	609,101	287,987
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (21,314)	\$ 616,895	\$ 307,885

	Intra-			
G	overnmental	Incurance	Public	Totale
	Loan	Insurance	Buildings	Totals
\$	3,655,647 (4,188,255)	\$ 1,292,970 (1,937,077)	\$ 892,934 (1,107,226)	\$ 10,069,851 (9,542,147)
	(1,100,200)	(323,223)	(75,054)	(1,390,437)
	(8,472)	(41,610)		(73,167)
	(541,080)	(1,008,940)	(289,346)	(935,900)
	59,400			59,400
	12,435,897	1,832,000	120,000	14,615,897
	(4,089,094)	<u>.</u>		(4,089,094)
	8,406,203	1,832,000	120,000	10,586,203
			(95,355) (58,234)	(95,355) (58,234)
			(30,231)	44,280
			3,207,583	3,207,583
			(2,088,277)	(2,088,277)
				(632,557)
	<u>-</u>		965,717	377,440
	462,676	348,676	46,621	1,196,349
	462,676	348,676	46,621	1,196,349
		•		
	8,327,799	1,171,736	842,992	11,224,092
	-	9,105,769	99,552	18,382,879
\$	8,327,799	\$ 10,277,505	\$ 942,544	\$ 29,606,971
\$	9,975,764	\$ (2,600,980)	\$ (63,855)	\$ 7,344,816
			80,306	977,735 (65,990) (7,096)
	(6,142,810)			(6,142,810)
	140,000	144 270	(3,755)	131,457
	(1,344) (4,512,690)	144,379	(302,042)	(108,983) (4,512,690)
	(.,522,050)	1,447,661		1,447,661
	(10,516,844)	1,592,040	(225,491)	(8,280,716)
\$	(541,080)	\$ (1,008,940)	\$ (289,346)	\$ (935,900)
				-



Combining Financial Statements Government Activities by Fund Type



General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for sources and uses of financial resources applicable to the general government operations of the City of Fairfield.

The General Fund consists of the following sub-funds:

- General Fund, which accounts for all general operating revenues and expenditures which are not restricted as to use.
- Redevelopment General Fund, which accounts for interest bearing advances from the City to the Redevelopment Agency.
- Budget Augmentation Fund, which accounts for savings from PERS retirement costs and any state fiscal aid to partially offset the impact of property taxes taken by the state from local agencies.
- Community Services Grants, which accounts for cultural arts awards made to groups outside City government.

City of Fairfield Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2003 Assets: Cash and investments \$ 21,984,138 Receivables, net 2,680,904 Advances to other funds 405,161 Total Assets 25,070,203 Liabilities and Fund Balance:

Fund Balance:

Deferred revenues

Total Liabilities

Accounts payable and other current liabilities

Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

Reserved for:	
Encumbrances	2,771,668
Unreserved:	
Designated for operations	500,000
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures	4,449,056
Unreserved	15,865,498
Total Fund Balance	23,586,222

1,078,820

405,161

1,483,981

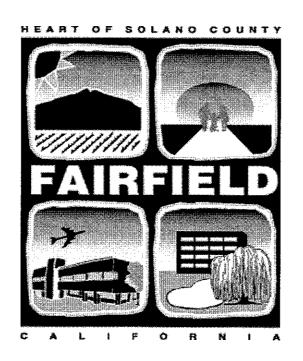
25,070,203

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 25,216,726
Property taxes	7,057,462
Licenses, permits and fines	4,281,436
Intergovernmental	6,403,371
Charges for services	4,509,095
Investment income	1,727,761
Miscellaneous	4,076,274
Total Revenues	53,272,125
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Administrative	1,761,294
Human resources	673,262
Finance	2,070,8 4 0
Police	15,949,083
Fire	7,538,499
Public works	10,233,125
Community services	5,874,560
Planning and development	1,050,053
Non-departmental	1,331,303
Total Expenditures	46,482,019
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,790,106
Other Financial Sources (Uses):	
Transfers in	737,306
Transfers out	(2,980,677)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,243,371)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	
and Other Sources (Uses)	4,546,735
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	19,039,487
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 23,586,222



Special Revenue Funds

- STATE GAS TAX To account for monies received and expended from State Gas Tax allocation to cities.
- PUBLIC SAFETY To account for monies: received and expended from fines paid to the City under the State Motor Vehicle Code; and monies received and expended under Proposition 172, which is a half-cent increase on the State sales tax rate earmarked for public safety services.
- HOME PROGRAM To account for monies received and expended under the Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME). Funds are provided by the Federal Government and passed through the State of California.
- DEVELOPMENT TAX To account for monies received from taxes levied by the City on new residential construction based on the number of bedrooms in each unit, square footage of all new commercial construction and units of residential construction. City ordinance restricts these monies to funding construction, major maintenance and debt service for park, street, drainage and public safety facilities.
- SPECIAL PROGRAMS To account for monies received from Federal, State and City grants and for monies received and expended from the Redevelopment Agency for revitalizing the central business district. State grants include a housing revolving loan program.
- MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS To account for maintenance districts monies received from taxes levied on property owners located within the districts.
- LOW/MODERATE INCOME HOUSING To account for monies received and expended by the Redevelopment Agency for financing development and rehabilitation of low and moderate income housing units, including related loan programs.
- COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT To account for monies received and expended by the City as a participant in the Federal Community Development Block Grant program, including accounting for activity related to the revolving loan fund program.
- HOUSING ASSISTANCE To account for monies received and expended in housing assistance to low and moderate income families. Funds are provided by receipts from the Federal Section 8 Housing and Urban Development (HUD) program.

Combining Balance Sheet All Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2003

		State Gas Tax		Public Safety		Home Program	De	velopment Tax
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	2,234,602	\$	41,799			\$	9,313,031
Receivables, net		218,720		98,275	\$	6,916,975		89,253
Due from other funds								
Advances to other funds						269,685		6,336,760
Restricted cash and investments								
Land held for resale							****	
Total assets	_	2,453,322	_	140,074	_	7,186,660		15,739,044
No. 1. Williams								
Liabilities:								777 745
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to other funds						166.010		329,743
Advances from other funds						166,018		
Deferred revenue						424,909		2,407,481
beleffed referred						727,505		2,707,701
Total liabilities				-	·	590,927		2,737,224
Fund balances:								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances								36,716
Notes receivable and Advances to other Funds						6,595,733		4,018,532
Land held for resale								
Major maintenance								
Low and moderate income housing								
Specific projects and programs		2,453,322		140,074				8,946,572
Total fund balances		2,453,322		140,074		6,595,733		13,001,820
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u> \$ </u>	2,453,322	<u>\$</u>	140,074	<u>\$</u>	7,186,660	\$	15,739,044

Special Programs	Maintenance Districts	Low/Mod Income Housing	Community Development Block Grant	Housing Assistance	Totals
\$ 693,398	\$ 8,969,235	\$ 12,065,739	\$ 147,513	\$ 192,206	\$ 33,657,523
138,886	95,488	8,145,528 106,814	1,785,734	62,590	17,551,449 106,814
		337,692			6,944,137
		·	103,464	134,139	237,603
		3,303,623			3,303,623
832,284	9,064,723	23,959,396	2,036,711	388,935	61,801,149
1,254	290,684	215,064	36,320	158,677	1,031,742
	•	·	106,814	•	272,832
		269,685			269,685
480,372		1,364,233	61,037		4,738,032
481,626	290,684	1,848,982	204,171	158,677	6,312,291
8,508	679,118	148,478			872,820
105,627		7,123,909	1,704,153		19,547,954
		3,303,623			3,303,623
	2,066,247	44 504 454			2,066,247
236,523	6,028,674	11,534,404	120 207	220.250	11,534,404
230,323	0,020,074		128,387	230,258	18,163,810
350,658	8,774,039	22,110,414	1,832,540	230,258	55,488,858
\$ 832,284	\$ 9,064,723	\$ 23,959,396	\$ 2,036,711	\$ 388,935	\$ 61,801,149

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Revenues:	State Gas Tax	Public Safety	Home Program	Development Tax
Taxes Property taxes Special assessments byted		\$ 314,735		\$ 2,738,459
Special assessments levied Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 2,074,509 55,998	447,955 3,247	\$ 474,545 14,643 400	193,905
Total Revenues	2,130,507	765,937	489,588	2,932,364
Expenditures: Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development		321,612	53,799	703,807 111,258
Housing Redevelopment			33,799	
Total Expenditures		321,612	53,799	815,065
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,130,507	444,325	435,789	2,117,299
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing Transfer in				
Transfer out	(1,378,919)	(427,872)		(494,629)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,378,919)	(427,872)		(494,629)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	751,588	16,453	435,789	1,622,670
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	1,701,734 \$ 2,453,322	123,621 \$ 140,074	6,159,944 \$ 6,595,733	11,379,150 \$ 13,001,820

	Special Maintenance Programs Districts		Low/Mod Income Housing	Dey	mmunity velopment ock Grant		Housing Assistance	Totals	
\$	1,353,133 51,116 4,173	\$	2,576,389 346,490 28,931	\$ 4,592,873 510,458 247,732	\$	527,335 46,101 20,377	\$	7,222,229 9,696 19,163	\$ 3,053,194 4,592,873 2,576,389 12,099,706 1,231,654 320,776
_	1,408,422		2,951,810	 5,351,063		593,813	_	7,251,088	23,874,592
	1,219,633 71,650 74,606		2,391,025	1,955,390		28,720 38,922 364,629 109,877		7,152,392	1,569,965 3,205,404 475,887 128,405 7,262,269 1,955,390
	1,365,889	<u> </u>	2,391,025	1,955,390		542,148		7,152,392	14,597,320
	42,533		560,785	3,395,673		51,665		98,696	9,277,272
			348,000	325,845 300,000 (280,000)					325,845 648,000 (2,581,420)
	<u>- ·</u>		348,000	 345,845					(1,607,575)
	42,533		908,785	3,741,518		51,665		98,696	7,669,697
\$	308,125 350,658	\$	7,865,254 8,774,039	\$ 18,368,896 22,110,414		1,780,875 1,832,540	\$	131,562 230,258	47,819,161 \$ 55,488,858

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	State Gas Tax							
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance					
Taxes Property taxes Special assessments levied Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,816,000 55,000	\$ 2,074,509 55,998	\$ 258,509 998					
Total Revenues	1,871,000	2,130,507	259,507					
Expenditures:								
Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development Redevelopment Housing								
Total Expenditures								
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,871,000	2,130,507	259,507					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from borrowing Transfer in Transfer out	(1,830,000)	(1,378,919)	451,081					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,830,000)	(1,378,919)	451,081					
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 41,000	751,588	\$ 710,588					
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year		1,701,734 \$ 2,453,322						

	F	Public Safety		ı	Hom	e Program	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget		Actual	Variance
\$	314,000	\$ 314,735	\$ 735				-
	440,000 3,000	447,955 3,247	7,955 247	\$ 474,545 14,643 400	\$	474,545 14,643 400	- - -
_	757,000	765,937	8,937	489,588		489,588	
	332,000	321,612	10,388				- -
				53,799		53,799	-
	332,000	321,612	10,388	 53,799	_	53,799	
	425,000	444,325	19,325	 435,789		435,789	
	(400,000)	(427.072)	60.420				-
	(488,000)	(427,872)	60,128	 			-
_	(488,000)	(427,872)	60,128	 			
<u>\$</u>	(63,000)	16,453	\$ 79,453	\$ 435,789		435,789	\$ -
		123,621 \$ 140,074			\$	6,159,944 6,595,733	

CITY OF FAIRFIELD

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

)eve	lopment Ta	X	
Revenues:	 Budget		Actual		ariance
Taxes Property taxes Special assessments levied Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 2,600,000	\$	2,738,459 193,905	\$	138,459 - - - 193,905 -
Total Revenues	2,600,000		2,932,364		332,364
Expenditures:					
Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development Redevelopment Housing	767,000 112,000		703,807 111,258		- 63,193 742 -
Total Expenditures	879,000		815,065		63,935
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,721,000		2,117,299		396,299
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from borrowing Transfer in Transfer out	(592,000)		(494,629)		- - 97,371
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(592,000)		(494,629)		97,371
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,129,000		1,622,670	\$	493,670
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year			11,379,150 13,001,820		

S	pecial Program	s	Maiı	ntenance Distri	cts	
Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual		ariance
		-				-
# 1 2E2 122	d 1 252 122	-	\$ 2,561,000	\$ 2,576,389	\$	- 15,389
\$ 1,353,133 51,116 4,173	\$ 1,353,133 51,116 4,173		340,000	346,490 28,931		6,490 28,931
1,408,422	1,408,422		 2,901,000	2,951,810		50,810
1,219,633 71,650 74,606	1,219,633 71,650 - 74,606	- - - -	2,437,306	- 2,391,025 - -		- 46,281 - -
1,365,889	1,365,889	_	2,437,306	2,391,025		46,281
42,533	42,533		463,694	560,785		97,091
		- - -	348,000	348,000		- - -
-		_	348,000	348,000		
\$ 42,533	42,533 308,125 \$ 350,658	\$ -	\$ 811,694	908,785 7,865,254 \$ 8,774,039	\$	97,091

CITY OF FAIRFIELD

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Low/Moderate Income Housing					
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance			
Taxes Property taxes Special assessments levied Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 4,564,000 339,000 169,000	\$ 4,592,873 510,458 247,732	\$ 28,873 - - 171,458 78,732			
Total Revenues	5,072,000	5,351,063	279,063			
Expenditures:						
Current: Police Public works Community services Planning and development Redevelopment Housing	2,479,000	1,955,390 -	- - - - 523,610			
Total Expenditures	2,479,000	1,955,390	523,610			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,593,000	3,395,673	802,673			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from borrowing Transfer in Transfer out	300,000 300,000 (280,000)	325,845 300,000 (280,000)	25,845 - -			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	320,000	345,845	25,845			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 2,913,000	3,741,518	\$ 828,518			
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year		18,368,896 \$ 22,110,414				

Comm	unity Developr Block Grant	ment	Housing Assistance				
 Budget	ıdget Actual Variance		Budge	et Actual	Variance		
		 -			- - -		
\$ 527,335	\$ 527,335 46,101 20,377	- \$ 46,101 20,377	\$ 7,184,5	510 \$ 7,222,229 9,696 19,163	\$ 37,719 9,696 19,163		
 527,335	593,813	66,478	7,184,5	7,251,088	66,578		
28,720 38,922	28,720 38,922	-			-		
364,629	364,629	- -			-		
 109,877	109,877		7,184,5	510 7,152,392	32,118		
542,148	542,148		7,184,5	7,152,392	32,118		
 (14,813)	51,665	66,478		- 98,696	98,696		
		-			-		
\$ (14,813)	51,665	\$ 66,478	\$	98,696	\$ 98,696		
	1,780,875 \$ 1,832,540			131,562 \$ 230,258			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Totals	
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes	\$ 2,914,000	\$ 3,053,194	\$ 139,194
Property taxes	4,564,000	4,592,873	28,873
Special assessments levied	2,561,000	2,576,389	15,389
Intergovernmental	11,795,523	12,099,706	304,183
Investment income	802,759	1,231,654	428,895
Miscellaneous	173,573	320,776	147,203
Total Revenues	22,810,855	23,874,592	1,063,737
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Police	1,580,353	1,569,965	10,388
Public works	3,314,878	3,205,404	109,474
Community services	476,629	475,887	742
Planning and development	128,405	128,405	-
Redevelopment	2,479,000	1,955,390	523,610
Housing	7,294,387	7,262,269	32,118
Total Expenditures	15,273,652	14,597,320	676,332
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	7,537,203	9,277,272	1,740,069
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from borrowing		325,845	325,845
Transfer in	648,000	648,000	-
Transfer out	(3,190,000)	(2,581,420)	608,580
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,542,000)	(1,607,575)	934,425
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 4,995,203	7,669,697	\$ 2,674,494
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year Fund Balances-End of Year		47,819,161 \$ 55,488,858	

Debt Service Funds

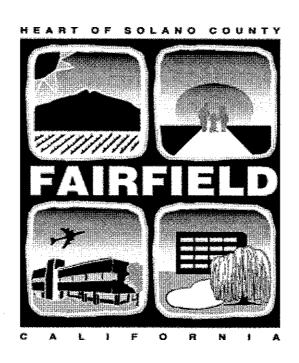
- GENERAL OBLIGATION To account for property tax monies and zone of benefit taxes levied for the payment of voter approved debt principal and interest and payment of contractual obligations.
- REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY To account for tax increment revenue and the payment of all longterm debt incurred by the Agency.
- ASSESSMENT AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS To account for the financing of public improvements or services deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied. Assessment bonds issued to finance improvements in special assessment districts are secured by liens against the assessed properties. In addition, to account for the repayment of the debt issued by the City's Community Facilites Districts.

Combining Balance Sheet All Debt Service Funds June 30, 2003

Assets:	General Obligation	Redevelopment Agency	Assessment & Improvement Districts	Totals
Cash and investments Receivables, net Restricted cash and investments	\$ 266,886	\$ 3,429,190 3,973,588 . 7,627,793	\$ 4,412,232 9,872,305 5,858,617	\$ 8,108,308 13,845,893 13,486,410
Total Assets	266,886	15,030,571	20,143,154	35,440,611
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to other funds Advances from other funds Deferred revenue		1,028,148 24,315 85,545,951 4,265,000	2,881 9,761,101	1,031,029 24,315 85,545,951 14,026,101
Total Liabilities		90,863,414	9,763,982	100,627,396
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Debt Service Unreserved, Undesignated	266,886	(75,832,843)	10,379,172	10,646,058 (75,832,843)
Total Fund Balances	266,886	(75,832,843)	10,379,172	(65,186,785)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 266,886	\$ 15,030,571	\$ 20,143,154	\$ 35,440,611

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-All Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Revenues: Property taxes Special assessments levied Investment income Miscellaneous	General Obligation \$ 450,740 2,897	Redevelopment Agency \$ 18,371,488 394,573 335,247	Assessment & Improvement Districts \$ 6,206,124 355,066 62,657	* 18,822,228 6,206,124 752,536 397,904
Total Revenues	453,637	19,101,308	6,623,847	26,178,792
Expenditures: Current: Redevelopment Intergovernmental Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest Fiscal agent fees Special assessment payments	421,890 11,861	4,295,526 2,664,099 14,855,797 327,527 611,602	34,070 5,410,000 1,622,837 151,787	4,329,596 8,495,989 16,478,634 491,175 611,602
Total Expenditures	433,751	22,754,551	7,218,694	30,406,996
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	19,886	(3,653,243)	(594,847)	(4,228,204)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer in Transfer out		1,030,000 (3,698,678)	209,703 (65,000)	1,239,703 (3,763,678)
Total Other Financing Sources		(2,668,678)	144,703	(2,523,975)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	19,886	(6,321,921)	(450,144)	(6,752,179)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	247,000	(69,510,922)	10,829,316	(58,434,606)
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 266,886	\$ (75,832,843)	\$ 10,379,172	\$ (65,186,785)



Capital Projects Funds

- CITY PROJECTS These funds have been established to account for current construction projects which include Parks and Recreation, Streets and Highways, Storm Drainage, Public Buildings, Special Projects and Sewer Mains. The primary sources of funding have been the City-levied development taxes, State Gas Tax, Local Transportation Tax, Traffic Safety Fund and temporary loans to projects.
- REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY To account for financial resources for the construction of infrastructure within the Regional Center, Highway 12, City Center, Cordelia, and North Texas project areas. The primary sources of funding have been proceeds of bonds secured by property tax increment.
- ASSESSMENT AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS To account for the construction of public improvements deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied. Activities financed through assessments include street lighting and paving, utility and other general infrastructure improvements. In addition, to account for the activities in the Community Facilities Districts and the Rancho Solano and North Texas Benefit Districts.

Combining Balance Sheet All Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2003

Assets:		City Projects	Red	levelopment Agency	 sessments & provement Districts	<u> </u>	Totals
Cash and investments Receivables, net Prepaid items Land held for resale	\$	32,989,033 1,851,248	\$	2,615,688 4,449,470 91,853 12,277,280	\$ 14,693,262 165,088	\$	50,297,983 6,465,806 91,853 12,277,280
Total Assets		34,840,281		19,434,291	 14,858,350		69,132,922
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Deferred revenue		4,117,824 315,955		351,085 2,730,700	358,232		4,827,141 3,046,655
Total Liabilities		4,433,779		3,081,785	358,232		7,873,796
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for: Encumbrances Notes receivable Land held for resale Special Projects and Programs		6,314,174		395,280 1,460,254 12,277,280 2,219,692	 222,403 8,000 14,269,715		6,931,857 1,468,254 12,277,280 40,581,735
Total Fund Balances		30,406,502		16,352,506	14,500,118		61,259,126
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u></u> \$	34,840,281	\$	19,434,291	\$ 14,858,350	\$	69,132,922

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-All Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Revenues:	City Projects	Redevelopment Agency	Assessments & Improvement Districts	Totals
Development fees Special assessments levied Developers' contributions Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 6,349,840 175,724 2,641,708 1,295,999 98,138	\$ 371,275 348,367	\$ 967,703 390,816 580,573 8,000	\$ 6,349,840 967,703 566,540 2,641,708 2,247,847 454,505
Total Revenues	10,561,409	719,642	1,947,092	13,228,143
Expenditures:				
Current: Intergovernmental Administrative Capital Outlay	12,066,720	600,000 1,610,736 1,914,919	1,555,802	600,000 1,610,736 15,537,441
Total Expenditures	12,066,720	4,125,655	1,555,802	17,748,177
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,505,311)	(3,406,013)	391,290	(4,520,034)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Gain on sale of property Transfers in Transfers out	5,524,463	669,722 3,698,678 (750,000)	65,000 (282,958)	669,722 9,288,141 (1,032,958)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,524,463	3,618,400	(217,958)	8,924,905
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures				
and Other Uses	4,019,152	212,387	173,332	4, 4 04,871
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	26,387,350	16,140,119	14,326,786	56,854,255
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 30,406,502	\$ 16,352,506	\$ 14,500,118	\$ 61,259,126



Permanent Fund Financial Statements

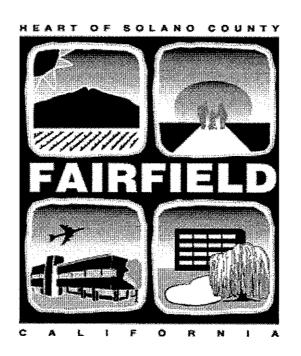
OUTREACH INDEPENDENCE – to account for monies donated to the City and the Friends of the Senior Center for disbursements relating to senior citizen outreach programs.

Permanent Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2003

ASSETS	Outreach Independence
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$ 463,972 4,993
Total assets	468,965
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	
Total liabilities	
Fund Balances: Reserved for endowment Reserved for special projects and programs	335,375 133,590
Total fund balances	468,965
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 468,965

Permanent Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Outreach Independence	
REVENUES:		<u> </u>
Investment income	\$	19,148
Total revenues		19,148
EXPENDITURES:		
Community services		16,432
Total expenditures		16,432
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,716
Net change in fund balances		2,716
FUND BALANCES:		
Beginning of year		466,249
End of year	_\$_	468,965



Agency Funds Financial Statements

- OTHER DEPOSITS To account for deposits received from outside parties. Some of the large items include deposits for: environmental impact fees and special recreation fees, restitution for crimes committed and donations for the expansion of the Senior Center.
- PAYROLL TRUST To account for cash transferred from the various funds (expense/expenditures) from which actual cash is remitted to the employees and various agencies.
- SOLID WASTE To account for the collection and disbursement of the residential garbage service franchise in the City.
- WASTE WATER To account for the collection and disbursement of sewer service fees to the Fairfield-Suisun Sewer District.
- DOWNTOWN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT To account for collections and disbursements of the downtown district established to promote downtown business.
- NORTH TEXAS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT To account for collections and disbursements for the North Texas District established to promote the North Texas Business,
- SOLANO ANIMAL CONTROL AUTHORITY To account for monies for the operation of the Solano Animal Control Authority.
- GREEN VALLEY MAINTENANCE DISTRICT To account for maintenance district monies received from taxes levied on properties located in Solano County for acquisition of open space and maintenance in Green Valley.
- TRI-CITY-COUNTY REGIONAL PARKS AND OPEN SPACE GROUP To account for monies
 contributed from Solano County and the cities of Benicia, Fairfield and Vallejo for the study and
 development of a coordinated system of recreation and open space between the three cities.
- SOLANO/NAPA REGIONAL PEACE OFFICERS TRAINING ASSOCIATION To account for monies contributed by the counties of Solano and Napa along with the cities of Fairfield, Benicia, and Vallejo. This fund accounts for the construction and operation of a firing and training facility.
- SOLANO LAND TRUST To account for monies held on behalf of the Solano Land Trust for purposes of investment of their funds.

City of Fairfield

Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2003

	Other Deposits	Payroll	Solid Waste	Wastewater	Downtown Improvement District
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 2,553,499 2,553,499	\$ 4,231,406 4,231,406	\$ 180,153 180,153	\$ 1,263,156 1,263,156	\$ 16,846 16,846
LIABILITIES					
Deposits payable Total liabilities	2,553,499 \$ 2,553,499	4,231,406 \$ 4,231,406	180,153 \$ 180,153	1,263,156 \$ 1,263,156	16,846 \$ 16,846

City of Fairfield Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2003

N. Texas Business Improvement District	Solano Animal Control	Green Valley Open Space Maintenance District	Tri-City/County Open Space Maintenance District	Peace Officers Training Association	Solano Land Trust	Totals
\$ 2,007	\$ 43,144	\$ 805,661	\$ 38,389	\$ 2,373,310	\$ 980,199	\$ 12,487,770
2,007	43,144	805,661	38,389	2,373,310	980,199	12,487,770
2,007	43,144	805,661	38,389	2,373,310	980,199	12,487,770
\$ 2,007	\$ 43,144	\$ 805,661	\$ 38,389	\$ 2,373,310	\$ 980,199	\$ 12,487,770

Agency Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

OTHER DEPOSITS

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions		Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 2,017,345 2,017,345	\$ 3,926,257 3,926,257	\$ 3,390,103 3,390,103	\$ 2,553,499 2,553,499
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	2,017,345 \$ 2,017,345	3,926,257 \$ 3,926,257	3,390,103 \$ 3,390,103	2,553,499 \$ 2,553,499
<u>PAYROLL</u>				
	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS			,	
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 4,761,786 4,761,786	\$ 61,609,707 61,609,707	\$ 62,140,087 62,140,087	\$ 4,231,406 4,231,406
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	4,761,786 \$ 4,761,786	61,609,707 \$ 61,609,707	62,140,087 \$ 62,140,087	4,231,406 \$ 4,231,406

City of Fairfield Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

SOLID WASTE

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 181,401 181,401	\$ 19,531 19,531	\$ 20,779 20,779	\$ 180,153 180,153
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	181,401 \$ 181,401	19,531 \$ 19,531	20,779 \$ 20,779	180,153 \$ 180,153
<u>WASTEWATER</u>				
	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 1,225,194 1,225,194	\$ 12,429,509 12,429,509	\$ 12,391,547 12,391,547	\$ 1,263,156 1,263,156
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	1,225,194 \$ 1,225,194	12,429,509 \$ 12,429,509	12,391,547 \$ 12,391,547	1,263,156 \$ 1,263,156

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Agency Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

DOWNTOWN	IMPROVEMENT	DISTRICT

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 23,690 23,690	\$ 37,763 37,763	\$ 44,607 44,607	\$ 16,846 16,846	
LIABILITIES		·			
Deposits payable Total liabilities	23,690 \$ 23,690	37,763 \$ 37,763	44,607 \$ 44,607	16,846 \$ 16,846	

N. TEXAS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 1,277 1,277	\$ 59,443 59,443	\$ 58,713 58,713	\$ 2,007 2,007
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	1,277 \$ 1,277	59,443 \$ 59,443	58,713 \$ 58,713	2,007 \$ 2,007

City of Fairfield Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

SOLANO ANIMAL CONTROL

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions		Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 44,587 44,587	\$ 500,058 500,058	\$ 501,501 501,501	\$ 43,144 43,144
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	44,587 \$ 44,587	500,058 \$ 500,058	501,501 \$ 501,501	43,144 \$ 43,144

GREEN VALLEY OPEN SPACE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 722,596 722,596	\$ 121,543 121,543	\$ 38,478 38,478	\$ 805,661 805,661
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	722,596 \$ 722,596	121,543 \$ 121,543	38,478 \$ 38,478	805,661 \$ 805,661

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

TRI-CITY & COUNTY OPEN SPACE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 15,930 15,930	\$ 41,740 41,740	\$ 19,281 19,281	\$ 38,389 38,389
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	15,930 \$ 15,930	\$ 41,740 \$ 41,740	19,281 \$ 19,281	38,389 \$ 38,389

PEACE OFFICERS TRAINING ASSOCIATION

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 762,731 762,731	\$ 1,629,757 1,629,757	\$ 19,178 19,178	\$ 2,373,310 2,373,310
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	762,731 \$ 762,731	1,629,757 \$ 1,629,757	19,178 \$ 19,178	2,373,310 \$ 2,373,310

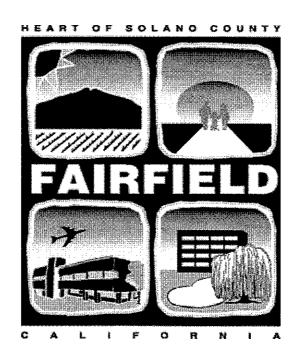
Agency Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

SOLANO LAND TRUST

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ - -	\$ 1,602,001 1,602,001	\$ 621,802 621,802	\$ 980,199 980,199
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	\$ -	1,602,001 \$ 1,602,001	621,802 \$ 621,802	980,199 \$ 980,199

TOTAL - AGENCY FUNDS

	Balances June 30, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2003
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 9,756,537 9,756,537	\$ 81,977,309 81,977,309	\$ 79,246,076 79,246,076	\$ 12,487,770 12,487,770
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable Total liabilities	9,756,537 \$ 9,756,537	81,977,309 \$ 81,977,309	79,246,076 \$ 79,246,076	12,487,770 \$ 12,487,770



General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 1

Fiscal Year	Total	General Government	Police/Fire	Public Works	Community Services/ Planning	Debt Service	Capital Improvements
93/94	\$91,438,464	\$ 4,592,524	\$12,963,646	\$9,340,175	\$ 8,940,329	\$40,935,586	\$ 14,666,204
94/95	74,953,117	4,679,150	15,135,287	9,447,488	9,679,808	28,015,004	7,996,380
95/96	84,854,739	4,844,343	15,623,411	10,802,034	15,762,417	29,786,659	8,035,875
96/97	81,869,705	4,370,988	16,643,946	10,335,895	10,292,624	29,451,628	10,774,624
97/98	78,869,419	4,853,786	17,213,718	10,324,237	10,732,807	29,431,530	6,313,341
98/99	86,643,778	6,014,688	18,998,358	10,776,594	13,553,131	29,023,322	8,277,685
99/00	93,568,564	9,389,426	19,218,406	10,907,018	11,735,999	29,777,839	12,539,876
00/01	113,123,225	7,213,694	21,144,286	10,865,391	11,180,259	34,820,253	27,899,342
01/02	110,192,331	7,490,840	22,944,046	15,411,494	13,697,088	25,707,863	24,941,000
02/03	109,250,944	10,166,295	25,057,547	13,438,529	14,807,606	26,077,400	19,703,567

This table includes the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds

Source: City of Fairfield

General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

Fiscal Year	Total	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	Investment Income	Inter- Governmental Revenues	Charges for Service	Other Revenue
93/94	\$67,309,960	\$46,784,604	\$ 726,608	\$ 3,066,609	\$ 10,774,437	\$3,911,987	\$2,045,715
94/95	70,021,206	47,780,608	628,566	3,472,002	12,848,058	2,588,552	2,703,420
95/96	72,630,792	48,440,840	1,048,266	3,625,838	12,471,251	4,413,386	2,631,211
96/97	75,449,639	48,673,804	1,415,923	3,378,992	12,824,556	3,848,681	5,307,683
97/98	76,543,193	48,356,275	1,290,253	3,549,089	12,774,213	4,039,275	6,534,088
98/99	93,568,564	9,389,426	19,218,406	10,907,018	11,735,999	29,777,839	12,539,876
99/00	97,342,350	59,757,527	1,486,371	4,293,349	21,048,736	5,290,828	5,465,539
00/01	118,808,997	61,428,832	9,485,781	8,321,518	28,219,016	3,184,613	8,169,237
01/02	116,697,985	62,488,430	14,651,272	7,253,891	21,632,014	4,282,323	6,390,055
02/03	116,572,800	68,492,699	10,631,276	5,978,946	21,144,785	4,509,095	5,815,999

This table includes the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds

Source: City of Fairfield

^{*} Effective 1986/87, the report includes the Special Assessment District transactions.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 3

Fiscal Year			Total Tax Collections (1% + voter debt)		Delinquent Taxes (voter debt only)	
93/94	\$	620,258	\$	7,746,247	\$	23,553
94/95		768,730		7,956,260		17,973
95/96		723,211		7,971,100		15,124
96/97		664,311		8,141,909		14,932
97/98		602,598		7,416,275		9,462
98/99		455,736		5,894,884		6,654
99/00		515,552		6,505,314		7,487
00/01		469,473		6,948,300		6,961
01/02		428,110		6,854,926		7,901
02/03		450,740		7,575,706		10,969

Source: City of Fairfield and Solano County Auditor Controller's Office

Article XIII A of the California Constitution (more commonly known as Proposition 13) limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1 percent of value plus taxes necessary to pay indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. The Article also establishes the 1975/76 assessed valuation as the base and limits annual increases to the cost of living, not to exceed 2 percent, for each year thereafter. Property may also be reassessed to full market value after a sale, transfer of ownership, or completion of new construction. The State is prohibited under the Article from imposing new ad valorem, sales or transactions taxes on real property. Local government may impose special taxes (except on real property) with the approval of 2/3 of the qualified electors.

In addition to the City's property tax levies for voter-approved debt, Solano County levies property taxes limited to \$1 per \$100 of assessed valuation for county, city, school and special district operating expenses. This additional property tax levy is distributed to the different governmental agencies under the State mandated alternate method of apportioning taxes (commonly referred to as the "Teeter Plan") whereby all local agencies, including cities, receive from the county 100% of their respective shares of the amount of ad valorem taxes levied, without regard to the actual collection of the taxes levied. This method was placed in effect by Solano County in the 1965/66 tax year and remains in effect unless the County Board of Supervisors orders its discontinuance. The delinquent taxes reflect taxes not collected by Solano County but have been remitted to the City, since the City is on the Teeter plan.

Assessed Value of All Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 4

Fiscal Year	Secured Roll	Utility Roll	Unsecured Roll	Gross Assessed Value	Less Exemptions	Net Assessed Value
93/94	\$ 3,800,945,085	\$34,346,470	\$174,381,010	\$4,009,672,565	\$83,987,489	\$3,925,685,076
94/95	3,912,952,524	52,497,622	189,919,671	4,155,369,817	88,014,235	4,067,355,582
95/96	3,981,701,581	54,736,954	182,110,067	4,218,548,602	90,184,323	4,128,364,279
96/97	4,036,446,612	89,223,717	179,169,437	4,304,839,766	90,870,407	4,213,969,359
97/98	4,097,615,617	3,335,976	181,491,983	4,282,443,576	90,940,159	4,191,503,417
98/99	4,227,434,825	80,752,592	200,901,421	4,509,088,838	92,270,714	4,416,818,124
99/00	4,518,091,899	67,652,514	223,145,095	4,808,889,508	91,807,395	4,717,082,113
00/01	4,969,142,933	47,490,903	286,166,873	5,302,800,709	90,852,699	5,211,948,010
01/02	5,542,562,555	27,361,679	332,218,815	5,902,143,049	90,399,205	5,811,743,844
02/03	6,119,538,767	42,569,566	360,903,543	6,523,011,876	95,925,113	6,427,086,763

Source: Solano County Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Fairfield

Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies for Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 5

Fiscal Year	City	c	ounty	S	School		Other	٠	Total		
	TAX RATES										
(per \$100)											
93/94	0.0158	1	.0031	C	0.000		0.0240		1.0429		
94/95	0.0189	1	.0028	(0.0000		0.0240		1.0457		
95/96	0.0185	1	.0027	(0.0000		0.0200		1.0412		
96/97	0.0166	1	0024	(0.000		0.0200		1.0390		
97/98	0.0149	1	.0023	0	0.0000		0.0200		1.0372		
98/99	0.0149	1	.0000	0	0.000.0		0.0200		1.0349		
99/00	0.0141	1	1.0000		0.0000		0.0200		1.0341		
00/01	0.0121	1	.0000	(0.0000		0.0200		1.0321		
01/02	0.0100	1	.0000	(0.000		0.0200		1.0300		
02/03	0.0095	1	.0000	C).0573		0.0200		1.0868		
			TAX	LEVI	ES						
93/94	\$ 620,258	\$ 3	9,378,547	\$	-	\$	942,164	\$	40,940,969		
94/95	768,730		0,787,442		-		976,165	•	42,532,337		
95/96	758,733		1,121,322		-		820,252		42,700,307		
96/97	699,519		2,240,070		-		842,794		43,782,383		
97/98	624,385		2,001,416		-		838,101		43,463,902		
98/99	658,106	2	4,168,181		-		883,363		45,709,650		
99/00	665,109	4	7,170,821		-		943,416		48,779,346		
00/01	630,646		2,199,480		-		1,042,390		53,872,516		
01/02	581,174	5	8,117,438		-		1,162,349		59,860,961		
02/03	610,573	ϵ	4,270,867	3,	683,749		1,285,417		69,850,606		

Source: Solano County Auditor Controller's Office

The tax rates and levies for all governments are for voter-approved indebtedness only, except that the county figures include a \$1.00 assessed valuation levy for general operations. That levy is imposed countywide and the proceeds are allocated to all other taxing entities in accordance with a formula established by State law pursuant to AB8 of 1979.

City of Fairfield

Percent of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 6

Fiscal Year	Net Bonded Debt	Net Assessed Value	Percent of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Population	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
93/94	\$ 18,128,376	\$ 3,925,685,076	0.46	86,514	210
94/95	17,606,486	4,067,355,582	0.43	87,700	201
95/96	17,606,486	4,128,364,279	0.43	87,772	201
96/97	16,612,706	4,213,969,359	0.39	89,049	187
97/98	16,190,817	4,191,503,417	0.39	91,600	177
98/99	15,768,927	4,509,088,838	0.35	92,372	171
99/00	15,347,037	4,717,082,113	0.33	95,327	161
00/01	14,925,148	5,211,948,010	0.29	96,178	155
01/02	14,503,258	5,811,743,844	0.25	100,200	145
02/03	14,081,368	6,427,086,763	0.22	102,500	137

Source: City of Fairfield and the Solano County Assessor's Office

Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2003

Table 7

Net Assessed Value	\$6,427,086,763
Debt Limit (Fifteen Percent of Assessed Value)	964,063,014
Amount of Bonded Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Less: Exempt from Legal Limit Assets Available in Debt Service Fund	14,081,368
	266,886
Net Amount of Bonded Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	13,814,482
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 950,248,532

Source: Solano County Auditor Controller's Office and City of Fairfield

Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt As of June 30, 2003

Table 8

2002/03 Net Assessed Valuation:

\$6,427,086,763

2002, 05 1101 1000000 1 unudulon.		
	% Applicable	Debt 7/1/03
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING NOTED DEBT:		
Solano Irrigation District	12.735%	\$ 255,719
Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District	79.214%	35,646,300
Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District Community Facilities District #2	100.000%	3,328,657
Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District Community Facilities District #5	76.471%	30,719,739
Fairfield Municipal Park Facilities District, I.D. No. 1	100.000%	15,090,000
Fairfield Storm Drainage District, I.D. No. 1	100.000%	2,145,000
City of Fairfield 1915 Act Bonds	100.000%	17,720,000
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT		\$ 104,905,415
Less: Fairfield Storm Drainage District, I.D. No. 1		2,145,000.00
TOTAL NET DIRECT OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT		\$ 102,760,415
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT	':	
Solano County Certificates of Participation	20.843%	34,337,800
Solano County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	20.843%	843,099
Travis Unified School District Certificates of Participation	26.192%	3,419,366
City of Fairfield - General Fund Obligations	100.000%	3,040,000 (1)
Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District Certificates of Participation	79.214%	1,635,769
TOTAL DIRECT & OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		\$ 43,276,034
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		148,181,449 (2)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		\$ 146,036,449 `´

⁽¹⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes

Ratios to 2002-03 Assessed Valuation:

Total Gross Direct & Overlapping Tax & Assessment Debt 1.61%
Total Net Direct & Overlapping Tax & Assessment Debt 1.58%

State school building aid repayable as of 6/30/03: \$0

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-noted capital lease obligations.

City of Fairfield

Percent of Annual Debt Service for General Bonded Debt to **Total General Expenditures** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures Including Debt Service	Percent of Debt Service to General Expenditures
93/94	\$ 415,290	\$ 10,125	\$ 425,415	\$ 91,438,464	0.47%
94/95	521,890	14,375	536,265	74,953,117	0.72%
95/96	521,890	8,625	530,515	84,854,739	0.63%
96/97	471,890	2,875	474,765	81,869,705	0.58%
97/98	421,890	0	421,890	78,869,419	0.53%
98/99	421,890	0	421,890	86,643,778	0.49%
99/00	421,890	0	421,890	93,568,564	0.45%
00/01	421,890	0	421,890	113,123,225	0.37%
01/02	421,890	0	421,890	110,192,331	0.38%
02/03	421,890	0	421,890	109,250,944	0.39%

This table includes the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

Source: City of Fairfield

City of Fairfield
Revenue Bond Coverage **Water Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years** Table 10

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements	Debt Coverage (%)
93/94	\$ 14,795,875	\$ 6,181,543	\$ 8,614,332	\$ 5,317,074	1.62
94/95	14,984,885	7,011,6 4 8	7,973,237	5,330,043	1.50
95/96	17,533,284	7,808,587	9,724,697	6,243,340	1.56
96/97	19,064,346	8,879,750	10,184,596	4,786,982	2.13
97/98	18,861,234	8,887,915	9,973,319	4,315,999	2.31
98/99	19,700,936	10,156,629	9,544,307	4,616,958	2.07
99/00	23,893,538	10,139,293	13,754,245	5,300,930	2.59
00/01	27,133,763	13,195,241	13,938,522	6,404,805	2.18
01/02	27,953,088	13,181,767	14,771,321	6,440,060	2.29
02/03	28,164,910	19,527,431	8,637,479	6,365,417	1.36

Source: City of Fairfield

Special Assessments Billed and Collected Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

Fiscal Year	As	ssessments Billed	Assessments Collected		Total itstanding sessments	Assessme	Ratio of ents Outstanding nount Billed
93/94	\$	11,200,330	\$	10,122,999	\$ 1,077,331		9.62%
94/95		13,751,413		13,130,892	620,521		4.51%
95/96		9,718,777		9,549,644	169,133		1.74%
96/97		8,165,079		7,187,859	977,220		11.97%
97/98		7,236,082		6,831,067	405,015		5.60%
98/99		7,906,848		7,426,256	480,592		6.08%
99/00		7,799,972		7,364,448	435,524		5.58%
00/01		7,145,381		7,022,159	123,222		1.72%
01/02		7,229,513		7,096,230	133,283		1.84%
02/03		7,138,228		6,968,573	169,655		2.38%

Source: Solano County Auditor Controller's Office

In addition to the City's property tax levies for voter-approved debt, Solano County levies property taxes limited to \$1 per \$100 of assessed valuation for county, city, school and special district operating expenses. This additional property tax levy is distributed to the different governmental agencies under the State mandated alternate method of apportioning taxes (commonly referred to as the "Teeter Plan") whereby all local agencies, including cities, receive from the county 100% of their respective shares of the amount of ad valorem taxes levied, without regard to the actual collection of the taxes levied. This method was placed in effect by Solano County in the 1965-66 tax year and remains in effect unless the County Board of Supervisors orders its discontinuance.

Demographic Statistics

Table 12

			Bank	Pι	Public Schools K-12	
Year	Population (1)	Square Miles (2)	Deposits \$ '000 (3)	Teachers	Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance
1994	86,514	35.54	98,701 *	916	20,349	20,128
1995	87,700	35.71	347,901	950	21,024	21,852
1996	87,772	35.71	387,478	975	20,433	21,182
1997	89,049	36.66	396,432	1,040	20,688	21,290
1998	91,600	36.66	432,228	1,178	21,546	21,455
1999	92,372	36.66	502,733	1,171	21,305	20,987
2000	95,327	36.66	538,300	1,137	22,171	21,382
2001	96,178	36.71	584,676	1,180	22,218	20,797
2002	100,200	36.71	623,060	1,200	22,738	21,601
2003	102,500	36.71	1,122,749	1,158	23,229	22,090

Sources:

- (1) State Department of Finance
- (2) City of Fairfield Department of Public Works(3) The Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco
- (4) Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District

^{*} Deposit for S&L as of 6/30/94; No data for commercial banks available

Building Permits and Taxable Transactions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 13

Building Permit Valuation (\$ in millions) New Multi-**Number of Taxable Number of** Fiscal **Transactions Family New Single-Building** Sales Tax Residential Year **Family** Other **Total Permits (\$ in thousands) Permits** 93/94 42,747 1,824 \$ 66,918 \$ 111,489 1,787 796,237 1,889 94/95 33,522 8,147 28,158 69,827 1,255 841,677 1,893 95/96 55,851 10,815 36,291 102,957 1,750 868,745 1,840 96/97 61,040 27,511 41,853 130,404 1,738 898,886 * 1,809 97/98 52,395 3,911 53,122 109,428 1,618 964,457 1,794 98/99 57,660 0 33,968 91,628 983,598 1,877 ** 1,590 99/00 61,796 19,271 124,766 43,699 1,611 1,067,152 1,844 00/01 122,467 1,599 39,594 163,660 1,981 1,221,637 1,866 01/02 124,105 18,617 54,537 197,259 2,190 1,363,352 1,892 02/03 83,696 10,716 45,060 139,472 1,388,622 2,002 1,926

Sources: Building Regulation Division (building permit data)

State Board of Equalization

^{*} Data as of December 31, 1996

^{**} Data as of September 30, 1996

City of Fairfield Principal Taxpayers

Table 14

Taxpayers		2002/03 Assessed Value*	Percent of 2002/03 Total City Net Assessed Value	Type of Business
Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	\$	246,185,274	3.83%	Brewery
Solano Mall, LLC		86,965,547	1.35%	Regional Shopping Mall
Schmalbachlubeca PLSCN USA		37,529,517	0.58%	Beverage Containers
SBC Services		34,965,898	0.54%	Utility
Rolling Oaks Apartments Inc.		32,605,173	0.51%	Housing
Silvio & Mary C. Garventa Trust		22,967,013	0.36%	Privately owned
Pinole Row Partnership Limited Partnership		20,523,307	0.32%	Privately owned
J. Brad Lampley		19,645,200	0.31%	Privately owned
Property California LS Corporation		18,699,049	0.29%	Privately owned
Jelly Belly Candy Company		15,502,535	0.24%	Candy
Top 10 Taxpayers Total		\$535,588,513	8.33%	
City Net Total Assessed Value	9	6,427,086,763	100.00%	

Source: Solano County Assessor, 2002/03 Assessment Roll

^{*}Assessees with parcel(s) totaling \$1,000,000 or more in value.

City of Fairfield Principal Taxpayers

Table 15

Largest Employers	Number of Employees	Type of Business
Travis Air Force Base	14,112	U.S. Military Base
Fairfield-Suisun Unified School District	3,500	Education
County of Solano	3,000	Government
Northbay Medical Center	1,301	Hospital
Solano Community College	631	Education
City of Fairfield	600	Government
Westamerica Bancorporation	542	Corporate Headquarters
Anheuser-Busch	515	Brewery
Jelly Belly Candy Co.	380	Candy
Macy's	337	Department Store
CA State Compensation Insurance	319	Call Center
MLO Products	275	Nutritional Products
Wal-Mart	260	Department Store
CoPart	250	Corporate Headquarters
Sears	240	Department Store

Source: City of Fairfield Economic Development Department 2002 Survey

City of Fairfield Schedule of Insurance in Force For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Table 16

Name of Company	From	То	Type of Coverage	Liability Limits	Annual Premium
PROPERTY & LIABILITY:					
Layered coverage through: United States Fidelity & Guaranty DRE 1540899 Federal Insurance Co. (659-96-69)	7/1/03	6/30/04	Buildings/Contents;	\$300,000,000	\$45,849
Hartford Steam Boiler Ins. FBP 49 09988	7/1/03	6/30/04	COGENERATION PLANT: Prop. damage Bus. interruption Extra expense Hazardous substance	20,000,000 1,000,000 250,000 500,000	9,129
California Joint Powers Risk Mgmt. Auth.	7/1/03	6/30/04	Auto & General Liab.	15,000,000	305,211
SPECIAL EVENTS LIABILITY: N/A - coverage only when needed					
Hartford Life & Accident Ins. (Volunteer Fireman's policy) (57-VP-440046)	1/1/03	12/31/03	DISABILITY: 100% disability Partial disability	\$100/week \$50/week	803
C.P.E.I.A.	7/1/03	6/30/04	Excess Workers Comp Employer's liability	Statutory 5,000,000	94,538
HOUSING AUTHORITY:					•
National Flood Insurance Company (FL-2-0281-3172-6)	7/18/03	7/17/04	Sr. Complex-Cntr 1101 Union Avenue	88,000 (cont) 220,000 (bldg)	1,210
National Flood Insurance Company (FL-2-0281-3171-8)	7/18/03	7/17/04	Sr. Complex-North 1101 Union Avenue	88,000 (cont) 220,000 (bldg)	1,210
National Flood Insurance Company (FL-2-0281-3173-4)	7/18/03	7/17/04	Sr. Complex-South 1101 Union Avenue	88,000 (cont) 220,000 (bldg)	1,210
National Flood Insurance Company (FL-2-0281-3177-5)	7/18/03	7/17/04	1050 Jefferson	100,000 (cont) 250,000 (bldg)	1,369
HAARP (067PLEF)	10/1/03	9/30/04	G. Liab Employee dishonesty Property	3,000,000 100,000 3,000,000	9,330

Source: City of Fairfield Human Resources/Risk Management

Schedule of Insurance in Force For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Table 16

Name of Company	From	То	Type of Coverage	Liability Limits	Annual Premium
TRANSIT BUSES:					
Clarendon America Insurance XSR39306187	12/01/02	11/30/03	Auto & General Liab.	\$2,000,000	\$154,535
Insurance Company of State Pennsylvainia 42024140	12/01/02	11/30/03	Auto & General Liab.	10,000,000	
FAITHFUL PERFORMANCE:					
Western Surety Co. (58244879)	11/16/99	12/2/03	City Clerk	28,000	340 (term)
Western Surety Co. (58244880)	12/7/99	12/2/03	City Treasurer	20,000	340 (term)
Fidelity & Dep. Co. of Maryland	9/15/03	9/14/04	Employee dishonesty/ Faithful performance	1,000,000	8,939

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

Table 17

Incorporated: Square Miles: Form of Government: Elections:	December 12, 1903 36.71 Council-Manager November of odd-numbered years; Mayor and 4 Council- members elected at large	Number Households Average Household Income Persons/Household Median Age	32,430 \$67,800 3.16 31.0
Fire Protection		Public Works:	
Fire Stations (current/prop	oosed 5	Miles of Streets	249.02
Fire Engines	12	Number of Intersections	1,551
Other Fire Vehicles	18	Total Traffic Signals	62
Fire Personnel - Sworn	53	Miles of Storm Drains	181
Fire Personnel - Non-swor	n 8	Miles of Sanitary Sewers	261
ISO Fire Rating Class	#3		
Police Protection:		Water Utility:	
Police Vehicles/Motorcycle	s 151	Customers (# of accounts)	24,306
Sworn Personnel	103	Average Daily Use (gallons)	19,147,540
Non-sworn Personnel	53	Miles of Water Mains	313
		Fire Hydrants	2 ,4 09
		Treatment Plants	2
		Reservoirs (current/proposed)	12
Leisure Services:			
Parks and Park Trails	19	City Employees:	
Park Acreage	771	Full-time	531
Special Community Facilities	es 10	Part-time	40
		Temporary	225

Source: City of Fairfield



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Fairfield
Fairfield, California

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Fairfield (City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

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Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Fairfield Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Capanici & Carson

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2003. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

This report is intended for the information of management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Oakland, California October 27, 2003

CITY OF FAIRFIELD

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number		Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)				
Lower Income Housing	14.855		N/A	\$7,222,229
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	*	N/A	538,762
Passed through the California Department of Housing and Community Development:	44 220		00 LIDHE 0250	0.005
HOME Funds	14.239 14.239		99-HOME-0368 00-HOME-0477	8,035 35,531
	14.239	*	01-HOME-0511	507,093
				\$8,311,650
U.S. Department of Transportation				45/2-2/000
Direct Programs:				
Federal Transit Administration	20.507		CA 90-X598	243,480
	20.507		CA-90-0467	21,150
	20.507	*	CA-030506	1,653,468
	20.507	•	CA-90-4157	1,571,221
Passed through the California Department of Transportation:				
Surface Transportation Program (STP)	20.205		RPSTPL-6249 (002)	15,691
	20.205 20.205	*	CML-5132 (012) STPL-5132 (013)	26,000
	20.205		STPL-5132 (013)	153,689 362,000
	20.203		311 2 3132 (013)	
U. S Department of Education				\$4,046,699
Passed through the California Department of Education:				
Adult Day Care Food Program (1)	10.558		48-5033-1 N	3,347
				\$3,347
National Highway Traffic Safety Association				-
Passed through the Bureau of Justice Assistance:				
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592		#2000-LB-BX-1770	16,379
	16.592 16.592		#2001-LB-BX-3535 #2002-LB-BX-2362	22,330 69,670
	10.332		#2002 LD DX 2302	09,070
Passed through the California Office of Traffic Safety	20.601		AL0317	28,381
				136,760
Total Federal and State Assistance				\$12,498,456
* Major Program as defined by OMR Circular A-122				

^{*} Major Program as defined by OMB Circular A-133

Note (1) - This is an ongoing grant with no specific award amount.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Fairfield Fairfield, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Fairfield (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Oakland, California October 27, 2003

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Sacramento

San Diego

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A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the City of Fairfield (City).
- 2. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the general purpose financial statements.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the general purpose financial statements.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unqualified opinion.
- Audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the City are reported in Part C of this Schedule below.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Community Development Block Grant	\$538,762	
Home Funds	507,093	
Federal Transit Administration	1,571,221	
Sufrace Transportation Program	515,689	
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	108,379	
Total	\$3,241,144	25.93%

The auditee meets the crieteia for a low-risk auditee. Consequently, the major programs tested were required to be in the aggregate at least 25% of total federal awards expended.

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$374,954.
- 9. The City was determined to be a low risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None

CITY OF FAIRFIELD

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - 2002

There were no findings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002